THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1867. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 65

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY

—BY—

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

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☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

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One Copy, one year : : : : $5 00
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Invariably in advance.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5628.

1st Tishri, 30th September.....1867.
1st Cheshvan, 30th October,
1st Kislev, 29th November,
1st Tayvas, 27th December,
1st Shevah, 29th January.....1868.
1st Adar, 28th February,
1st Nissan, 24th March,
1st Eyar, 23d April,
1st Sivan, 23d May,
1st Tammuz, 21st June,
1st Av, 20th July,
1st Elhul, 18th August,

Ash Wednesday, 6th March.....1867.
Maunday Thursday, 18th April,
Good Friday, 19th April,
Easter Sunday, 21st April,
Ascension, 30th May,
Pentecost, 9th June,
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. jal2 mhl tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY. 1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Second. Wm. Hall, Jr., 294 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 113. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 280. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W.·. M.·. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 340. (Col.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—294 Front street. John J. Worsham, 83½, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. · A. · M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

294 *Front Street.*

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.·.; Charles M. Carrell, 14th, Sec.·.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.·.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 18th.·.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.·.; —— Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. F. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Conseil of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William V. Circle, 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY of WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 32d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

TAILORING, SCOURING

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

DYEING, SCOURING, —AND— REPAIRING,

Done at short notice by

ISAAC ISAACS,

54 1-2 Jefferson Street.

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done. mar3

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,

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246 Second Street,

BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.

N. B.—Not answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

NOTICE

—TO—

GAS CONSUMERS.

IN compliance with a pledge made in their communication of February last, to the Hon. Mayor and Board of Aldermen, the

Memphis Gas-Light Company

have determined to reduce the price on their sales of Gas supplied on and after the

First Day of December next

to the lowest rate then deemed possible, allowing a small profit on the capital invested, and pledge themselves that the price then established shall range among

THE LOWEST RATES CHARGED

in other Southern and Southwestern cities.

Their apparatus, lately at great expense, Improved and extended, enables them to supply a pure, strong and brilliant gas light as that supplied any where in the United States.

With reference to a much threatened opposition in business, which they do not deem probable, the Company hereby give notice to their patrons and the public, that in case of an actual competition they will compel their demands at

One-Third, or Less than One-Third the Rates Established by such Competitors.

Their Works were constructed with a view of remunerating the owners for their investments, as well as for the public convenience. Notwithstanding such intention, they will sell or furnish

Light at a Mere Fraction

of the price asked by any competing or opposing Company.

JAMES M. WILLIAMSON,

President.

sel5

WHITEMAN BROS.,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

PRINTING PAPER,

No. 59 Northeast cor. Public Square, Nashville. | No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.

A Card.

WE will at once rebuild our warehouse, and will have it completed by the 15th of September, but by the first day of that month we will be ready to receive goods on store.

The inside will be divided into fire proof compartments by brick walls, and covered with tin.

Those who have patronized us for the last two seasons, and those who may have proposed to do so the approaching one, may rest assured we will be ready for them.

We design establishing a Cotton Compress in connection with our warehouse, upon an adequate lot, which will be ready by the 1st of October or sooner. The proximity of our establishment to the river renders the handling of cotton so convenient that we can transfer cotton for shipment by river free of drayage. The advantage of the position is equal to one dollar per bale on all cotton sent for compressment from other warehouses, while on all cotton in our warehouse for compressment there can be two drayages saved, since it would be as easy for us to transfer it from our shed to the Compress as to turn it out in the ordinary way for transfer by drays

1y30 J. R. CHRISTIAN & CO.

J. M. GOODBAR, Late of Brandford, Goodbar & Co. | J. R. S. GILLILAND, Late with Southworth, Nance & Co.

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS and SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

No. 201 Main St., (Webster Block),

Between Adams and Washington,

sp9 MEMPHIS, TENN.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS.

DR. B. A. POPE

EYE AND EAR SURGEON, will resume his practice in Memphis, where he will remain until the 1st November.

Office in Bethel Block, corner South Court and Main streets. Office hours from 9 to 2 o'clock. se21 1m

DR. WM. EVERETT

CAN be found at Rooms No. 5 and 6, Southern House, corner of Main and Beal street, where he is prepared to treat and advise with all ladies having diseases peculiar to their sex. Age and long experience convinces him that all can be relieved, no matter how severe the case, or of how long standing; and above all others he desires those cases which have been

PRONOUNCED INCURABLE.

☞ Diseases of children will also receive especial attention.

DENTISTS.

S. HINSON,

DENTIST,

No. 233 Main Street,

CLAY BUILDING.

ap6 d&wly

Harris & Blair,

DENTISTS,

No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,

ADAMS' BLOCK.

J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

LAWYERS.

J. E. TEMPLE,

Attorney at Law,

Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.

OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No 9, Third Story, Titus Block. oc2 tf

ED. PICKETT, JR. W. MESSICK

MESSICK & PICKETT,

Attorneys at Law.

OFFICE:

No. 317 Second Street, near corner of Monroe.

sel9 1m

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. | ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK.

WRIGHT & McKISICK,

Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. mys

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. | PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mh1 tf

R. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.

DIXON & PERCY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec15 1y

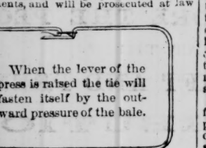
SELF-FASTENING

WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE

FOR COTTON BALES.

CHAS. G. JOHNSEN, Sole Prop'tr,

No. 14 Union street, New Orleans.



All other Ties fastening by this method are infringements, and will be prosecuted at law as such.

We are sole agents and are prepared to fill orders for the above

Self-Fastening Wrought Iron Buckle Tie, on the most favorable terms. We are having them manufactured of the most superior iron and thoroughly tested.

D. H. DAVIS & CO., Commission Merchants, Louisville, June 22, 1867. au1

W. C. BUTLAND, Memphis, Tenn., Miss. | W. C. GAY, Memphis, Tenn.

TAYLOR, GAY & RUTLAND,

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—

Grocers, Cotton Factors

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 304 Front Street,

Mosby & Hunt's Block, MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Strict attention to the Sale and Storage of COTTON, and to the purchase of GROCERIES, PLANTATION and FIRM Ties, and other Plantation Supplies, are at all times complete. se19 3m

FASSMAN'S IRON TIES

—FOR—

COTTON BALES.

THE undersigned have made extensive arrangements to supply the demand for these Ties the present season.

In addition to the FASSMAN IRON TIE and BUXTON TIE, so extensively used heretofore, they now offer his ALLIGATOR TIE, with teeth so arranged as to instantly clamp the hoop when the pressure is removed from the bale, and hold it without slipping.

Great pains have been taken to secure the best quality of iron.

These Ties are so simple in their arrangement that they can be applied by any one, to bales of any size, with the same facility and expedition as rope. In strength, security and facility will positively compete favorably with any yet introduced.

The advantage of Iron Ties is now generally recognized; but it is deemed not out of place to call the attention of those interested to the very many cases of damage to cotton by derwriters, Steamboat Captains, and Owners and Agents of Sea steamers and Sailing Vessels, recently reported in the newspapers in New Orleans.

CHAMBERS & LATTING, No. 61 Carondelet street, N. O. se22

Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

499 Broadway, N. Y.

THESE Instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner, are pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, *the improvements* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register containing its full fullness does not destroy the middle and upper registers, by filling us with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of which being equally delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre serpentine Base richly moulded, and each Instrument is fully warranted for five years. sep6 d&wly

Executors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the heirs of Tilman Bettis, deceased, and all parties concerned, that we, as surviving executors of said estate, have this day filed our account as such, with John Teague, Clerk of the County Court of Shelby county, where parties concerned can come forward and examine same.

SAMUEL MOSBY, ANDERSON C. BETTIS, Surviving Executors.

Memphis, September 11, 1867. se12 pw

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

MASONIC INTELLIGENCE.

HOLLY SPRINGS, MISS., Sept. 29, 1867.

Mr. Editor:

Will you be kind enough to inform me if the author of the General Ahiman Rezon is Gen. Sickles, of the Federal Army?

Very Respectfully, R.

The author of the General Ahiman Rezon (the best monitor extant,) is *not* Gen. *Sickles*, but plain *Daniel* SICKELS, of the house of *Macoy & Sickels*, and the Masonic Publishing and Manufacturing Company, 432 Brome street, New York. Bro.·. SICKELS is a 33d., and Secretary General of the Supreme Council of that Degree for the Northern Jurisdiction of the United States, and withal a most genial, generous and honourable gentleman, to take whom by the hand does one good.

THE KEYSTONE.

A Masonic journal, published weekly in Philadelphia, by W. A. MAAS, northeast corner of Second and Chestnut street, at $3 per annum, payable in advance.

This is one of the most truly *Masonic* journals in the country, is beautifully printed, on fine white paper, and filled with excellent matter, original and selected. Its historical articles, especially, are of value and interest, and it is in all respects well deserving of the support of the Fraternity.

MASONIC LAW.

Certainly nothing is more absurd than some of the opinions entertained by Masonic Editors and Grand Lodges. The question is now under discussion in some of the Eastern States, whether one who has cast a negative ballot may disclose the fact that he has done so, without being censurable for the disclosure. Ex-Grand Master HOLMES, of New York, says "aye;" but the Grand Lodge of that State denies it and holds the disclosure punishable.

The Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania at a recent session adopted the following views, which are directly in consonance with our belief of what the law is:

This is the first time within the knowledge of the committee that the mere act of black-balling has been assumed to be an offense in Masonry, or that the failing to give a satisfactory explanation for voting a black-ball can make it so. The black-ball is a right secured to every Master Mason, which he has the power to exercise, and which he should be permitted to exercise, without the suspicion of interference or questioning of any Brother.

It is not only a Master Mason's right, but his secret, which no Brother should seek to obtain possession of, directly or indirectly, and which, when once known by accident or espionage, a Brother should not expose. No effort to deter the exercise of this right should be permitted, nor can the one who has exercised it be assailed therefor.

If he makes known the fact of having voted a black ball, and admits, in doing so, his motives were false and malicious, he must take the consequences of his indiscretions and admissions. *A Brother may remove the veil of secrecy and unfold the reasons for his conduct if he sees fit; but until he does so voluntarily and of his own accord, it is Masonically wrong to seek to penetrate or force his mystery from him.* This gives to the member a potent power. He should, therefore, use it wisely and well. It is a sacred trust for which he is answerable to his conscience and his God.

Grand Master Doyle, of Rhode Island, recently delivered an address before the Grand Lodge of that State, by which his views on this important question were indorsed and adopted. He said:

Upon the inviolable secrecy of the ballot no argument is necessary; nor is it a question of dispute, that a Brother voting in favor of a petitioner cannot, under any circumstances, disclose the fact; because if that were permitted in case of rejection, the rejecting Brother could be easily detected and his secret disclosed. Upon a clear ballot every Brother's vote is apparent, and how each one voted is no secret; but when the box is foul, then there is a secret, which is the property of him who cast the negative vote, and he cannot be compelled to divulge the fact. His secret, however, he can of his own free will and accord commit to the keeping of his Lodge, or to the Master, at his discretion; but it must be done without fear or compulsion, and from his own sense of duty.

A Brother from wrong information or from a mistake in the identity of the petitioner (and how liable this latter cause is to occur in cities), may have cast a black ballot against a worthy and exemplary man. Satisfied afterward that he has made a mistake, that he has kept from the Lodge one whom he would be glad to welcome there, is he to be denied the privilege of confessing his error and making known the reasons which influenced them? Certainly not. To forbid him would be to deny "that standard or boundary of right which enables us to render to every man his just due without distinction." Upon this view of the case eminent Masonic writers have always agreed.

A Brother has a perfect right to declare in open Lodge that he will vote against a candidate if he should be proposed. What law forbids it? Who can prevent it? It is optional with him whether he will object secretly or openly. He has the right to *show* the negative ballot before depositing it, if he pleases. He has the right to make known at any time that he did cast it. It may well happen that it may become a *duty* for him to do so, in order to save a Brother *supposed* to have cast it, from personal difficulty or estrangement. It seems to us a singular perversion of law to use *against* a Brother voting in the negative that which has no object in the world but his own protection and the securing the independence of action on his part. It is curious logic to argue that because you cannot *compel* a Brother to vote openly in the negative, therefore he shall not have the *right* to do so or to make known that he has done so.

THE MYSTIC TIE.

BY BRO. CAPT. SAM'L. WHITING.

When far in foreign lands we roam,
And no loved faces we descry,
This bond makes every place a home—
The "Mystic Tie"—the "Mystic Tie."

When tossed upon the stormy sea,
Or sick in distant lands we lie,
A thought consoling, 'tis that we
Are brethren of the "Mystic Tie."

It brings kind friends around our bed,
It bids us look to God on high,
By it our thoughts to heaven are led,
Dear "Mystic Tie"—sweet "Mystic Tie."

When turning homeward o'er the main,
We watch our bark in gladness fly
To fear the friends and kin again,
Our brethren of the "Mystic Tie."

Oh! may this bright, fraternal chain,
That binds us heart to heart below,
Unweakened and undimm'd remain,
When to the heavenly Lodge we go.

There by this bond that e'er shall last
Eternal as the starry sky,
May we be linked when life is past,
Sweet "Mystic Tie"—" sweet Mystic Tie."

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 12, 1867.

MASONRY IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The *Keystone* (Philadelphia), says:

How the first Lodge of Free Masons was instituted in this city, or by what authority, it is impossible at this time to ascertain. Those who have endeavored to trace the history of the Order have been successful in obtaining a reference to the grant of any one for the purpose of holding the first Lodges in Philadelphia by any known European or American Grand Lodge of authority. It is supposed that a few Brethren, who had been initiated in England, or elsewhere, become acquainted in the city, and having satisfied themselves of each other's worthiness, resolved to form a Lodge themselves, and undertook to initiate others. This Lodge may have instituted other Lodges. In the year 1732 the first public notice of the existence of Lodges in this city was made, by the announcement that William Allen, then Recorder of the city, (he was afterwards Chief Justice of the Province,) had been elected Grand Master. The Lodge, or Lodges, it seems, had their headquarters at the Tun Tavern, which, possibly, at that time, certainly during many years afterwards, was kept by one Thomas Mullan. It was situated on the east side of the street then indifferently called King street, or Water street, between Chestnut and Walnut streets, at the corner of an alley, which yet bears the name of Tun alley, given to it at the time when the tavern was a place of popular resort. This inn was for many years decidedly fashionable, and it was patronized by the best and most dignified company. Families of influence lived opposite, above and below it, for Water street was the great street then, and boasted highly of the wealth, fashion and respectability of its residents. The Tun Tavern was located in an eligible situation, and here the Free Masons determined to hold their meetings. It is probable that they fitted up a regular Lodge room in an upper story of the house. It is a well ascertained fact that some of the Brethren held their meetings there for many years, and that the Lodge which before, and after the revolution, was "No. 3," bore the additional name "Tun Lodge," in allusion to the place of its origin.

However the first Lodges may have been constituted, it is well known that the members were not perfectly satisfied with the matter, and they must have felt an anxiety at an early day to become recognized in other parts of the world as lawful Masonic bodies working under proper authority. On the 30th of April, 1733, the worshipful Anthony Viscount Montague, Grand Master of the Masons in England, granted his warrant to certain Brethren in the town of Boston, Mass., to form a Grand Lodge of Masons, and appointed Henry Price Grand Master of North America, with full power to nominate deputies and constitute other Masonic Lodges. The body was organized in Boston on the 30th of July, 1733, and entitled "St. John's Grand Lodge." They were the ancient York Masons, but belonged to the "moderns," a division of the Order then very powerful in England. The knowledge of the creation of this controlling Masonic body seems to have been sufficient to induce the Philadelphia Lodges to abrogate their organizations, and seek charters from the body then having due authority.

On the 24th of June, therefore, in the year 1734, the St. John's Grand Lodge of Boston, issued a warrant to Benjamin Franklin, and other Masons, residing in Philadelphia, authorizing them to institute a Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons. Of this privilege the parties availed themselves, and shortly afterwards the first Lodge was constituted, Franklin having been appointed master.

MASONIC JURISPRUDENCE.

National Freemason:—A recent number of the *National Freemason* contained a decision of Grand Master Englesby, of Vermont, that "the granting of a dispensation acts as a dimit from their respective Lodges of those mentioned in the dispensation, the Lodges from which they are dimitted retaining jurisdiction so far as to enforce payment of dues."

We object to this decision, and beg to enter our protest against its being considered as Masonic law. We do not believe that the Grand Master can thus sever the connection of a Brother with his Lodge. He may temporarily suspend that membership, for good cause, but he cannot absolutely terminate it. That can only be done by the Lodge itself, or by act of the Grand Lodge. Suppose the latter body does not approve of the dispensation, and refuses to charter the new Lodge, what becomes of the original petitioners? Are they restored to their former membership, or do they stand unaffiliated Masons, subject to all the pains and penalties imposed upon that unfortunate class in some jurisdictions? If their membership is dissolved, how can the Lodge still collect dues from them? If they enjoy none of the benefits of it, why should they be called upon to pay for them? These are points upon which we desire light.

The whole subject of Lodges under dispensation seems to be misunderstood in some quarters, and we have been surprised from time to time at the different decisions in relation to them. According to the opinions of some, there is no necessity of applying to the Grand Lodge for a charter, or of going through the trouble of being constituted; the dispensation is sufficient, without more, and the Brethren named therein are released from former membership, and cannot only make Masons and by-laws, but they can affiliate members, discipline them, elect officers, and in fact do everything that can be done by Lodges legally chartered and regularly constituted. This may be modern Masonry, but we do not believe it to be ancient Masonry, such as we love and have been taught to venerate.

In our judgment a Lodge U. D. is at least on the same standing, one of them being a Past Master, who have, under a warrant from a Grand Master, been empowered to meet and make Masons; and that is all. If they choose to make a code of by-laws, they may do so, but they are not valid until approved by the Grand Lodge; they cannot admit Masons to membership, or discipline them, for the simple reason that the Grand Master cannot authorize them to do so, and they are merely creatures of his authority. The powers frequently claimed for these bodies are powers only conferred by the Grand Lodge in the charters which they issue, and cannot be derived from other sources.

As to the petitioners for a Lodge U. D., they remain members of their respective Lodges until they have applied for and received a dimit by vote of their Lodge. The fact that they are named in the dispensation, or in the charter issued by the Grand Lodge, does not release them from their former membership, and should not do so until the consent of the Lodge itself has been regularly obtained.

Any other doctrine will surely work injury to the FRATERNITY.

MASONIC (HOME) INTELLIGENCE.

NEW YORK STATE.

Albany.—The following contains important historical facts: (Extract from the address of Ill.·. Gr.·. Com.·. Giles Fonda Yates, before the Supreme Grand Council, 33d, at Boston, September 5, 1851.)

I turned my attention to the history of the "Sublime Degrees" very soon after my initiation as a Mason. My intercourse in 1822 with several old Masons in the city of Albany, led to the discovery that an "Ineffable Lodge of Perfection" had been established in that ancient city on the 20th December, 1767. I also discovered, that not only the Ineffable, but the Superior Degrees of our rite, had been conferred at the same time on a chosen few, by the founder of the Lodge, Henry A. Francken, one of the Deputies of Stephen Morin,* of illustrious memory. It was not long, moreover, before I found the original warrant of this Lodge, its book of minutes, the patents of all, Bros. Samuel Stringer, M. D., Jeremiah Van Rensselaer and Peter W. Yates, Esqs., Dep. Inspectors-General under the old system; also "the regulations and constitutions of the nine Commissioners," etc., 1761, and other documents that had been left by Bro. Francken with the Albany brethren when he founded their Lodge. With the concurrence of the surviving members of said Lodge residing in Albany, Dr. Jonathan Eights and the Hon. and R. W. Stephen Van Rensselaer, P. G. M. of the Grand Lodge of New York, I aided in effecting a revival. The necessary proceedings were thereupon instituted to place the same under the superintendence of the Grand Council of Princes of Jerusalem, as required by the old Constitutions; and such Grand Council was subsequently opened in due form in said city.

Having been made aware of "the new Constitution of the 33d Degree," ratified on the 1st of May, 1786, conferring the supreme power over our rite on "Councils of nine brethren," I hastened to place myself in correspondence with Moses Holbrook, M. D., at the time S. G. Commander of the Supreme Council, at Charleston, and with my esteemed friends Joseph McCosh, Ill. G. Sec. General of the last named Council, and Bro. Gourgas, at that time Ill. G. Sec. General of the H. E. for this Northern jurisdiction. Lodges of Perfection in the Counties of Montgomery, Onondaga, Saratoga, and Monro, in the State of New York, were successively organized, and placed, agreeably to the Constitutions, under the superintendence of the G. Council before named; the establishment of the last named body was consummated, and all our proceedings in "Sublime Freemasonry" were legalized and sanctioned by the only lawful authorities of the United States, the aforesaid Supreme Councils.

On the 17th day of November, 1824, I received a patent, appointing me S. of S. of a Consistory of S. P. R. S., established in the city of Albany. I would here also state, that on the 13th day of February, 1825, charters were granted to Ill. Bro. Edward A Raymond, of Boston, Mass., and eight associates, constituting them a G. Council of Princes of Jerusalem; a charter was also granted to them for a Cons.·. of S. P. R. S.—both bodies to be holden in the city of Boston. All these several bodies named, as well as the Albany G. Council and Consistory, have since their establishment, paid due faith and allegiance to our Northern Supreme Council.

NOTE.—It may interest the Brethren of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite to learn that the charter and the original work given by Ill. Bro. Henry Andrew Francken to the bodies established December 20, 1767, are still preserved at Albany, N. Y., and that the original seals are used by the bodies of that city.

ALBANY, N. Y., 23d Ab, 5827.

Organization of the several bodies subordinate to the Supreme Council of Sov. Gr. Ins. Gen. 33d, for the Northern Jurisdiction, U. S. A., in Albany, New York.

Ineffable and Sublime Grand Lodge of Perfection.—Founded by Henry Andrew Francken, Dep'y Insp't Gen'l of all the Superior Degrees of Masons in the West Indies and North America, on the 29th day of the month called Kisleu, 7767, A. M., 5528, equal to 20th December, 1767. Jefferson Peterman, T. P. G. Master; James Teu Eyck, D. G. Master; John D. P. Townsend, Ven. Sen. Gr. Warden; Benj. V. Z. Wemple, Ven. Jun. Gr. Warden; Henry Lansing, G. Treasurer and Keeper of the Seals; Samuel Goodman, G. Secretary; Erwin Hoffman, G. Orator; Henry B. Whitman, G. Master of Cer.; Andrew G. White, G. Capt. of the Guard; Thomas D. Newcomb, G. Hos. Bro.; Amaza Fuller, G. Tyler.

Grand Council of Princes of Jerusalem.—Founded by Henry Andrew Francken, as above.—Jesse M. White, M. E. Sov. P. G. M.; Andrew D. Lansing, T. G. H. P. S. D.; Wm. H. Gordon, M. E. Sen. G. Warden; Edward Douglas, M. E. Jun. G. Warden; Henry Lansing, V. G. Treasurer; Wm. H. Haskell, V. G. K. of S. and A.; Henry L. King, V. G. Master of Ceremonies; Henry B. Whitman, V. G. Master of Entrances; Amaza Fuller, Tyler.

THE CHANCES OF LIFE.

AIR—*Balance the Straw.*

Should the Chances of Life e'er compel me to roam,
In a Lodge of Freemasons I'd still find a home,
Where the kind smile of friendship still welcomes each guest,
And Brotherly Love gives each welcome a rest.

There soul-binding unison only is known,
Where the Peasant unites with the King on his Throne,
There the rich and the poor on a Level can meet,
And as Brother each other most cordially greet.

When absent from Lodge, pleasure courts me in vain,
And I sigh for the moments of meeting again,
For Friendship and harmony only are there,
Where we meet on the Level and part on the square.

On the quicksands of life should a Mason be thrown,
'Tis then that the kindness of Brothers is shewn,
The heart prompts the hand his distress to remove,
For our motto is "Friendship and Brotherly Love."

When the Master of all from His star-studded throne,
His great mandate shall issue to summon us hence,
May each Brother be found to be duly prepared,
In the Grand Lodge above to receive his reward.

SPIRITUAL.

Bro. Shillaber is responsible for the following:

At a spiritual seance at the *Banner of Light* rooms, the other day, the highly spiritual question was asked by one Perry Ashley, if Jeff. Davis and other prominent leaders of the rebellion should not have been hanged, had they not been "Royal Arch or High Masons!" The question revealed the greenest simplicity, but the "spirits" answered it very gravely, naming Masonry as "superior to the American Government!" —that it "has a larger power, and more subtle force is exerted from its centre, than ever has been exerted from the centre of Government, or in all probability will be exerted."

This is something new to us, but more surprising the fact that the "spirits" should admit that Jeff. Davis was a Mason at all. We saw it denied, quite recently, that he was a Mason, in a Masonic journal, and take that to be better than the invisible authority. He is not a Mason, and the spirit should not have said about it. The same Mr. Ashley then asked if Masonry did not override and subvert all state and civil law, and the spirit answered: "Ostensibly it does not, but really it does."

It is very evident that the spirit has not been inside of a Lodge-room, and has associated only with the ghosts of "anti," Masons since arriving there. It is a pleasure to know this, and we feel safe in the assurance which even this gives us that our Lodges are still tyled by the faithful old guardians who watched them here, against the intrusion of such as might hope to enter in by a tyler in the dark, whose spiritual eyes are not opened. It would delight Father Martin, we know, to meet some of his old opponents there, and shut the door in their obtrusive faces.

BALLOTING

In our present mode is comparatively modern. The VI. General Regulation reads;

But no man can be entered a Brother in any particular Lodge, or admitted to be a member thereof, without the unanimous consent of all the members of that Lodge then present when the candidate is proposed, and their consent is formally asked by the Master; and they are to *signify their consent or dissent in their own prudent way, either virtually or in form, but with unanimity*, nor is this inherent privilege subject to a dispensation; because the members of a particular Lodge are the best judges of it; and if a fractious member should be imposed on them, it might spoil their harmony, or hinder their freedom; or even break and disperse the Lodge, which ought to be avoided by all good and true Brethren.

TRIAL OF A GRAND MASTER

The XXIX Regulation reads: If the Grand Master should abuse his power, and render himself unworthy of the obedience and subjection of the Lodges, he shall be treated in a way and manner to be agreed upon in a new regulation; because hitherto the ancient fraternity have had no occasion for it, their former Grand Masters having all behaved themselves worthy of that honorable office.

When our fraternity becomes so degenerate as to demand a trial of a Grand Master, let such regulation be made as comports with our system. (1) If possible by a court of Past Grand Masters, or (2) by a court of three Grand Masters of contiguous jurisdictions.

MASONIC TRUTHS.

A few trite lessons upon the rudiments of architecture, a few ordinary maxims of morality, a few unimportant traditions, will no longer satisfy the earnest inquirer after Masonic truth. Let him who is satisfied and content with them, remain where he is, and seek to ascend no higher. But let him who desires to understand the harmonious and beautiful proportions of Masonry, read, study, reflect, digest, and inwardly discriminate. The true Mason is an ardent seeker after knowledge; and he knows that books are vessels which come down to us full freighted with the intellectual riches of the past; and that in the lading of these argosies is much that sheds light upon the history of Masonry, and proves its claims to be regarded as the benefactor of mankind.—*Albert Pike.*

The true Mason is of those chosen men who treat Masonry as a question of humanity; it is he who, practising at the domestic altar the spirit of the Gospel, and the law of God, carries with him in the world and in his family the perfume of those virtues he has learned in the sanctuary; it is he who feels that it is not sufficient that his life should be unspotted by any bad action, but that he should strive to render himself more capable of accomplishing good ones; it is he, finally, who understands that the love of his neighbor is the true beginning of improvement, who does not make charity an act of proselytism, but a fraternal and salutary remedy, while awaiting the solution of the great social problem, towards which each century labors, and which God alone knows.

Mr. T. E. Lloyd, of Washington, D. C., has in his possession a Masonic jewel, which he received from a Union soldier. It is of gold, and is inscribed. "Charles Obermeir, Eufaula Chapter, No. 24, Eufaula, Ala., 1862." Its owner, doubtless fell in battle, and it came into possession of one of the United States soldiers. Mr. Lloyd has written to the Chapter for information in regard to its owner.

ROBERT A. MOON,

Cotton Factor

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 276 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL ADVANCES—Supplies at Wholesale Prices. Commission for selling Cotton, One Dollar per Bale.

To the Cotton Planters of West Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas:

The undersigned respectfully tenders his services as agent or the sale of your cotton in this city, and for the purchase of your supplies. The unfortunate termination of the late war, which so materially affected the best interests of the South, has also had its effect upon the Commission business of this city, as transacted between planter and merchant. You doubtless well remember with what peculiarly pressing to the war), astounding in some instances to annoyance, you were solicited for your business at the rate of fifty cents per bale commission, free of drayage, and stored for twelve months without charge. Time (as it ever will again) the producer was the ruling element, and high rents, rich landlords and merchants were the result of such liberal patronage. No people or occupation have been more seriously prostrated than planters and planting, and consequently much desire to be fostered and aided in their unfortunate changed condition. How much or how much needed has been manifested by them in this regard is well known. Onerous government taxes in general, and a special tax upon proceeds of Cotton, 2½ per cent., large premiums you have had to pay upon supplies furnished, commissions on sales ranging from ½ to 5 per cent., high storage at exorbitant prices, and other expenses, as per reference to your accounts sales, as a few of the many items that little if anything upon which to rebuild your shattered fortunes, or to compete with the new order of affairs—free labor. When I withdrew from the Cotton and Commission Business in 1860, private reasons then led me to believe that I would never engage in it again. The solicitations of many friends that were former patrons, and a desire to promote the interest of the planting community, so far as my feeble efforts can do so, and the apparent want of facilities exhibited in a pecuniary point of view, has tended so materially to the prosperity of Memphis and the mercantile community, has determined me again to offer my services in the capacity as stated. The reduced stocks of Cotton in the United States and short supplies in the hands of New England manufacturers has caused some advance in prices from the last depression, and as early sales may be prudent and remunerative; such was the case the past two seasons, and many planters have had cause to regret the delay upon the too common practice of holding and drawing upon their entire crops. I am prepared to attend to and forward this cotton unless he wished it sold upon the first active market. It can be held at home much cheaper than in Memphis. My charges for selling cotton will be One Dollar per bale. Insurance effected in all cases if not instructed to the contrary. Shall buy your supplies from wholesale houses, giving you the benefit of same. In short, the strict attention to all the departments of our business, I hope to merit a large share of patronage.

Very respectfully,

sel R. A. MOON.

Wants from Mississippi.

A SITUATION in a Wholesale Grocery Store is preferred, by a man of steady Moral Character. He has had some experience in Book-keeping. His acquaintance extends to Chickasaw, Okt bbeha, Lowndes, Monroe and Pontotoc Counties, Miss. Perfect satisfaction given as to character, qualification, etc. For this present address D, Box 250, Corinth, Miss. se3 tf

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SATURDAY, : : : : OCTOBER 19, 1867

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LEON TROUNDALE, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.
St. CLAIR DEARING, NEWS EDITOR.
HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, CASHIER AND BUSINESS MANAGER.

Editorial Rooms—No. 293 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS OVER GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Business Office—No. 13 MADISON STREET.

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Jno. R. Eakin, Washington, Ark.
Rev. A. R. Winfield, Camden, Ark.
C. G. Joy, Bolivar, Tenn.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotism: no authroning of martial law; no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no sloping of civil juries by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de'cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER IS JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

THE GUILT OF BROKEN FAITH.

SHAKESPEARE, in the first part of King HENRY IV, puts these words in the mouth of Prince HARRY, after his victory over PERCY and DOUGLAS:

"Go to the Douglas, and deliver him
Up to his pleasure, ransomless and free:
His valour shown upon our crests to-day
Hath taught us how to cherish such high deeds,
Even in the bosom of our adversaries."

A valued exchange remarks, that "the promises which the public authorities of the United States so constantly held forth before the surrender of General LEE, became, ethically, if not actually, part of the terms upon which the Confederates laid down their arms to resume allegiance to the United States."

We shall not look in vain for precedents and authorities to show how firmly the United States were bound by the acts and pledges of its officials, military and civil, on the faith of which a hundred thousand Confederate soldiers, proven unconquerable in the field, laid down their arms; and how the Government dishonoured the country, when it repudiated the Convention made between Generals SHERMAN and JOHNSTON, after it had received the consideration and reaped the fruit of it in the surrender of the armies of the latter, and when it was too late for them to resume their arms.

The law of all the civilized world and even that of barbarous nations,—of *all* nations, ancient and modern, agrees as to this. It is truly the law which is the same at Rome and Athens; and it binds all *honourable* men and honourable nations everywhere.

The Court of Cassation, in France, is, like the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of last resort. LOUIS PHILIPPE ascended the throne, and became the "King of the French" in 1830; and the rights of Frenchmen and the inviolability of the laws of France, under him, were guaranteed, not by a Constitution, but by a Charter. Frenchmen are men of honour; and hence this happened in France, under the King of the French:

On the 5th of July, 1833, the Court of Cassation, in France, Criminal Chamber, rendered the following judgment in the case of *Papin* v. *The Public Prosecutor*; *Journal du Palais*, 1 of 1834, 29.

THE COURT.

Upon the conclusions of M. *Preteau*, Advocate-General;—In view of article 408, of the Code of Criminal Instruction; In view of the ordinance of 3d June, 1832, which placed in state of siege the Departments of Loire Inferieure, of La Vendee, of Maine-et-Loire, and Des Deux-Sevres;—In view of the instructions given by the Secretary of State, Minister of War, in execution of this ordinance, and published in the *Moniteur* on the 5th of the same month, the which direct that *all prosecutions to be instituted against persons charged with political delicts or crimes shall take place by order of the military authority, or upon requisition addressed by it to the administrative or judicial authorities.* In view of the proclamation issued on the 7th of the same month, by the Gen. Solignac, commanding the 12th Military Division, and addressed to the inhabitants of the four departments named above, in which are these words: "Those persons who have "been only seduced or led astray are "assured of pardon at my hands, [*de "trouver grace devant moi,*] if they atone "by prompt submission and by laying "down their arms, for the injury they "have done the country. . . . Let the "farmers and artisans hasten to imitate "the example of the many communes, "which, in submitting, have been "enabled to appreciate the spirit of "clemency which actuates me in my im"portant mission; let them return to "their homes, depositing their arms "with their respective Mayors; let them "resume their labors; they will find, in "repentance for their faults and a gen"erous oblivion, the elements of that "prosperity which peace, concord, obe"dience to the laws and submission to "the Government assure:"—In view "of the safe-conduct, given on the 20th of July following, by Gen. Ordener, commanding the department of Maine-et-Loire, under the orders of Lieut. Gen. Solignac, and by which the former General permitted the said "*Papin De La Thibaudiere, who has submitted, laid down his arms and promised to conduct himself loyally for the future, to return to his home, and remain there under the supervision of his Mayor and the Military Police,*" Inasmuch as this safe conduct was given *in execution only of the above-mentioned proclamation, the which constitutes a veritable amnesty*, granted in the exercise of the extraordinary powers with which Lieut. Gen. Solignac was invested; That, therefore, Papin could no longer be legally compelled to appear before the tribunals on account of the acts to which the safe-conduct given him applied; whence it follows that the prosecution of which he was the object, the verdict of the jury, and the judgment of conviction, constitute an excess of powers, and a violation of the rules of competency: For these reasons, QUASHES all the proceedings, the act of accusation, the finding of the jury, and the judgment of conviction in accordance with it; and inasmuch as all right of criminal prosecution in relation to the afore-mentioned acts was extinguished by the submission of Papin, and he has not been prosecuted for anything done by him subsequently to his submission; inasmuch as the acts imputed to Papin were in their nature political crimes, and as there is no matter of civil jurisdiction in the case; in view of article 429 of the Code of Criminal Instruction, DECLARES that there is no ground for remanding the cause, and orders, consequently, that Papin be restored to liberty, if he be not held for any other cause."

If, under a King of the French, the public faith, which should always be inviolable and sacred, was deemed to be irrevocably engaged and religiously pledged by the assurance of his Lieutenant-General commanding a Division: if this assurance of condonation and of freedom from molestation or interference was a veritable amnesty; and if a safe-conduct, permitting a rebel to return home, and resume his wonted occupation, under supervision, was to admit him to that amnesty, how came it that the pledges on which *our* armies surrendered, the assurances of the Generals of the United States, their safe-conduct, and the plighted faith and honor of the Republic, were less sacred than the promises made in France on behalf of a King and a Nation by its General? And how did ANDREW JOHNSON dare to repudiate the convention signed by General SHERMAN with General JOHNSTON, and order, by *his* subordinate, the subordinates of General SHERMAN to disregard the convention, and strike the enemy wherever they could find him? Then it was, in refusing to acknowledge the convention made by General SHERMAN as irrevocably binding on the Government, that President JOHNSON committed the great mistake of his life, and became the cause, not only of innumerable woes to the South, but of a thousand infamies that have since dishonored the Republic.

CANDIDATES.

We are often asked who will, in our opinion, be selected as the Radical candidate for the Presidency. We are not fond of venturing predictions, or of discussing probabilities. What may be in the womb of the future is too uncertain to make either profitable; nor are we, as to the particular question propounded, any better informed than others.

Nevertheless we have our opinions, perhaps not very well founded, certainly of no great weight, as to the course that Radicalism will probably take. The leaders, we think, *were* inclined to run Chief Justice CHASE, who evidently thinks much more of getting the nomination of the party, than of doing his duty as a Judge. If they had not sustained losses so fearful, and if their misfortune should not continue, they would probably still be inclined to put him forward. But they will be compelled, we think, to make use of the reputation and popularity of some successful soldier, to regain their hold upon the popular favour, and so obtain votes for him that they could not obtain for their policy, for military despotism and negro-suffrage.

They are certainly not inclined to run General GRANT. They would do so with reluctance; but nevertheless, as he is probably the strongest with the people, among all the Northern Generals, they would take him, if he would consent to run. We do not believe that he will do so, and lose his place as General of the Armies. He says he will not be a candidate, or that he does not desire the Presidency; and is probably in earnest, and will adhere to what he says. They are therefore turning their attention to General SHERIDAN, glorifying him to arouse popular enthusiasm, and eulogizing his extraordinary administrative capacity and civil qualifications. Their views may change hereafter; but at present they have him in training, and he is not at all coyor diffident. He wants the Presidency, and thinks himself eminently a fit person to have it.

Whether his name and fame will strengthen them, will much depend upon the selection of a candidate by the Constitutional Republicans or united Conservatives. If these opponents of Jacobinism should nominate SHERMAN, SHERIDAN's name will be no great tower of strength. As a General, he cannot compare with SHERMAN, neither has he a tithe of his native intellect. SHERMAN would perhaps be as acceptable to the South as any Northern soldier: for, if he did cruelly devastate, ravage and plunder South Carolina and Georgia, and burn Columbia, he agreed to wise, generous and liberal terms of surrender with General JOHNSTON; and if these terms had not been repudiated, the Union would long since have been restored, and negro suffrage undreamed of. SHERMAN for President, and HORATIO SEYMOUR of New York, for Vice-President, would constitute a formidable ticket, and win success if *any* ticket could do it, against Radicalism and its potent ally, corruption. What objection is there, on the score of strength or of fitness, to that ticket? Why not nominate it at once, gentlemen of the Northern Press, without resort to the trickery and juggling of a chicaning National Convention?

THE COTTON TAX.

We are not surprised to see that the North is becoming alarmed about the disastrous influence of the cotton tax. They are at last discovering that "what is true of the whole country applies equally to any part, and so closely are the interests of all parts conjoined that it is impossible to lay too great a burden upon one, without affecting all unfavorably." These sound views we find expressed in a memorial which has been printed and circulated for signatures in the South, by a firm in Cincinnati, a copy of which has been sent to this office, to procure signatures.

The cotton producers of the South have persevered in their endeavors to grow the staple which has been the source of so great a part of the National wealth, in the face of difficulties that would appall the most determined and energetic class of men. Their system of labor, and with it their principal capital, has been swept away by the Government—at one blow. The climax has been heaped upon them of a tax of 2½ cents per pound upon their staple, at the same time that the great central cotton producer, England, has been making extraordinary exertions to develop the cotton production of India. Notwithstanding these drawbacks, which were enough to discourage and dishearten them, they have persisted in endeavoring to raise their usual supply of cotton, to add to the wealth of the nation. But the experience of the present year has at length produced a feeling akin to despair. They cannot see what effect their remonstrances or appeals can have upon a Government which is deaf to the voice of reason or even of interest. They have been deprived of the right of suffrages. Their wishes or their arguments are not listened to. Why should they weary the ear of the Government with memorials, when their estates are of so little value as even to be threatened to be confiscated and turned over to their late slaves by the dominant power?

They have almost unanimously come to the conclusion that they will not trouble themselves about the production of cotton, and will await the returning sense of interest, if not justice, from the North, which is certain to come when they see the disasters to the general wealth, produced by the destructive policy of the Government. Of course, the people of the South see and appreciate the injustice of this tax. They have advocated its repeal, through every organ and every voice which could reach the ear of mankind. They have protested against its injustice and its impolicy. Their poverty and suffering are the strongest witnesses of their feelings and opinions. The present price of cotton speaks volumes in favor of its abrogation. Memorials can add nothing to the force of reason, common sense, argument and necessity. If there are to be petitions, let them come from the potent voice of the North, who will suffer equally with us, from this iniquity. They have fastened upon us and upon themselves the wrong, and to them we look for the redress.

THE Chicago *Republican* has cost its proprietors about $100,000 above receipts. The material is worth some $60,000, and the paper is just reaching a paying basis.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

ST. LOUIS, October 18.—Wm. Murphy, confined in the Missouri penitentiary for the last two years, under sentence by Military Commission for boat burning on the Mississippi river during the war, was brought before the United States Circuit Court Wednesday, and the case argued on application for a discharge. Judge Miller decided the case to day by discharging the prisoner, under ground of the unconstitutionality of the tribunal by which Murphy was tried and sentenced. The Judge also decided that the prisoner occupied the same position now as though he had not been tried and sentenced by a military tribunal, and could be arraigned and tried upon a charge by civil courts. On motion of the District Attorney, the prisoner was remanded to confinement until to-morrow, to allow an opportunity to renew all charges, or prefer new ones if any existed.

NEW ORLEANS, October 18.—Interments from yellow fever during the past twenty-four hours, 34 The Howard Association of this city has sent fifteen nurses to Memphis to attend to the yellow fever patients.

LOUISVILLE, October 18.—River stationary with 28 inches in the canal by the mark.

NEW YORK, October 18.—A boiler exploded at pier No. 45 Northriver, to-day, demolishing a shed, killing three persons outright and wounding five.

The report of the English Committee on the condition of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad states that they found the property in a much worse condition than they expected, but with an expenditure of $260,000 it could be put in good order, and its business increased.

PHILADELPHIA, October 13.—Some of the defeated Radical city candidates are contesting the election of the Democrats in the court of common pleas.

WASHINGTON, October 18.—Official accounts from Crete to September 26th, confirm private advices of the resumption of hostilities against the Turks. By order of the Government of the island, restoration to Turkish allegiance is scornfully rejected.

Col. Woods, Chief of the Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department, had all the detectives at work to try and make discoveries of the counterfeiters of the 7-30 notes. It is definitely ascertained that over 1000 have been put upon the market, and that the plates were not made in Europe, but were made in this country. It is further stated that Philadelphia has been the headquarters for printing them. A clue to the whole proceedings is said to be in possession of the secret service officers. According to representations, one gang of the counterfeiters, headed by a man named Cooper, who while under arrest had been so successful that Cooper forgot his discretion and commenced putting in circulation ten and twenty dollar bank notes.

The following letter was made public to-day:

DEPT. ASST. COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Oc ober 18, 1867.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 15th inst. received, enquiring what portion of the 3 per cent. certificates are available as a reserve for a National Bank. The act of March, 1867, authorizing the issue of the 3 per cent. certificates and their use as a part of the reserve of National Banks, provides that not less than two-fifths of the reserve of such banks shall consist of lawful money of the United States. The country banks are required to have a reserve of 15 per cent. of circulation, and deposit two-fifths of which must be lawful money, and the 3 per cent. certificates, or in cash deposits with the redemption agent, selected by the bank. The banks of Boston and of the other cities designated in section 31 of the National currency act are required to have a reserve of 25 per cent. of their circulation and deposits, two-fifths of which must be lawful money, and three-fifths of the reserve in these certificates, or, if preferred, one half of this reserve may be in cash deposit with the redemption agent in New York, two-fifths is lawful, and the remaining one-tenth in three per cent. certificates.

Iam, very respectfully,
J. J. KNOTT,
Dept. and Acting Comptroller.
CHAS. G. NAZARE, President Northern National Bank of Boston

LONDON, October 18—Evening.—Consols closed weak, 93¾. American securities closed firmer: United States 5-20s bonds 68¾; Illinois Central, 77½; Erie, 45½; Atlantic and Great Western consolidated bonds, 21¼.

Admiral Farragut yesterday received and entertained the Lords of Admiralty on board the flagship Franklin, at Portsmouth.

Lord Stanley, notwithstanding the disturbed condition of affairs, still entertained hopes that peace would be preserved. In reviewing the present relation of Great Britain with foreign powers, he alluded to the controversy with the United States in regard to claims for indemnity, and said that time was already soothing irritation which might have arisen on either side of the Atlantic.

Mr. Campbell, of the firm of Campbell & Sons, whose failure was recently announced, was arrested, and upon examination, been held for trial on the charge of defrauding the National Bank of Liverpool of 10,000 pounds sterling.

PARIS, October 18.—It is reported that the fleet of transports and iron-clads at Toulon has already received orders to sail for Rome, but the actual departure of the expedition has not been announced.

FRANKFORT, October 18—Evening. United States bonds closed at 74.

LIVERPOOL, October 18 — Evening. The cotton market closed at an advance of ⅛d for Middling Uplands.

COPENHAGEN, October 18.—Capt. Fedabelle, late Secretary of the Danish Legation to Paris, has been appointed Minister of Denmark to the United States.

FLORENCE, October 18—Reinforcements of volunteers, recruited in France and Spain for the defense of the Pope, have arrived in the city of Rome. When last heard from, Gen. M. Garibaldi, with a considerable force under his command, had succeeded in reaching the vicinity of Rome and was still advancing.

FLORENCE, October 18.—The troops of Victor Emanuel are still guarding the fortress at States' Church, and prevent all persons who have the appearance of belonging to the Garibaldian organization from crossing the boundary line. It is reported that the plan for insurrection within the walls of Rome has been exposed, and the leaders discovered, arrested and thrown into prison.

LONDON, October 18.—At a dinner given at Winchester last evening to the Derby Ministry, Derby defended the action of the Government on the Reform question, and replied to some attacks on the Reform Bill.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, October 18.—Cotton, sales of 800 bales; weaker; low middling 17@18c. Sales of the week were 6,050 bales; receipts of the week 6,804 bales; exports of the week 3759 bales; stock on hand 28,043 bales. Flour dull and lower; grades drooping; XXX extra, $12 50. Corn firm; white $1 40. Oats 75c. Pork very dull nominally; $28@28 25. Bacon unchanged. Lard dull and unchanged. Gold 144. Sterling 55@59. New York Sight ½ per cent. premium.

CINCINNATI, October 18.—Flour dull, 25c lower; family $12; X $11. Wheat dull; $2 60 for No. 1 Red. Corn dull $1 03 for No. 1 shelled; 75c for new ear. Oats dull, 67@68c. Rye $1 48. Barley dull, $1 31@1 45 for spring. Cotton dull, middling 18c. Tobacco active; lugs $6@12; leaf $15@29. Whisky unchanged. Pork dull $22. Bacon shoulders, 14c; clear sides 18c. Lard active, 13c. Butter dull, 38@40c. Cheese firm, 11½@15c. Hay scarce and firm, $26@25 good to prime. Coffee and Sugar unchanged and quiet. Demand for money pressing.

LOUISVILLE, October 18.—Sales of tobacco 32 hhds at $14@12 75. Flour quiet; $5 50 for superfine. Corn dull, at $1 10 for shelled, white sack; new ear, 85c in bulk. Oats steady, at 70c in bulk. Sugar, hard, declined ¼c. Mess pork dull, at $22 75. Lard, 13½c in tierce. Bacon quiet; shoulders 14½c, clear rib sides, 18½c, clear sides, 18½. Cotton active, at 15½@16½c.

NEW YORK, October 18.—Cotton a shade lower; 1000 bales upiands sold at 18¾@19c. Flour, dull, and 20@30c lower: superfine State and Western, $9 10@10 50. Whisky, quiet and steady. Wheat, 2@4c lower; No. 3 spring, $2 14@2 18. Rye, dull; Western, $1 60. Barley, 1@2c lower. Corn, more active, and 2@3c lower; Western, $1 37½@1 39. Oats, 1@2c lower; Western, 81@83½c. Rice, dull; Carolina, 9¼@11c. Coffee, dull. Sugar, steady; Cuba, 11½@12¼c; Porto Rico, 13c. Molasses, quiet; Cuba, 48@53c. Pork, firmer, $22@31 for mess. Lard, irregular; in bbls., 13¾@14¼c.

Money active and firm at 7c for call loans. Sterling dull and heavy, 9¾@9c. Gold weak at 44c. Government stock unchanged. Stock very weak. Receipts in the sub-Treasury, $2,295,045; payments, $1,161 870; balance, $1,144,084 95. Express reports money decidedly easier at the close; supply in excess of the demand. The Assistant Treasurer, to-day, converted $1,220.000 of 7 30s into 5-20s, and paid off $117,000 on August notes. Compound notes were exchanged to the amount of $180.000, and $70,089 paid in currency.

ST. LOUIS, October 18.—Tobacco is active and higher; lugs to medium leaf, $5@12 50; shipping leaf, $12 75@16; other grades are unchanged. Cotton, 16½@16¾c for middling. Flour is firm; X, $8 75; XX, $9 25@11; fancy, $13 50. Wheat, $2 70. Corn, $1 10. Oats are dull and lower, 65c. Barley, $1 25 for spring. Rye is steady at $1 35. Provisions are very dull. Pork, $22 50@23. Bacon—shoulders, 14¼c; plain hams, 19c; sugar cured hams, 26c. Lard is held at 14½c for tierces.

THE RELIEF OFFERED BY THE BANKRUPT ACT.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT CLERK'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, October 18, 1867.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

I am almost daily asked the question in the city, and frequently by letter from the country, "When will there be a Register in Bankruptcy appointed for this District?" Of course I cannot give a satisfactory reply, as I cannot know the purposes of the appointing power.

But as this question comes, in almost every instance, from persons who intend to avail themselves of the benefit of the Bankrupt Act, and who think their interests are seriously prejudiced by delay in the appointment of a Register, I think it well to disabuse their minds in regard to that matter.

All who desire the relief offered by the Bankrupt law have only to file their petitions in the Clerk's office, and the relief instantaneously comes. From the hour of filing his papers, the debtor may commence his new business life, may enter into engagements, earn money, invest it, and enjoy it, without fear of having the fruits of his new enterprise and labor sought after and seized on account of the old debts that have crushed him. For the Bankrupt Act only takes hold of such property and assets as a man has at the time he files his petition and offers to surrender all for the benefit of his creditors. If that surrender be full, honest and complete—as it ought to be, and must be, if the applicant expects to obtain certain relief—the creditors can get no more. The man's debts are then with the past; the future is all his own; whether there be a Register then, or not until six months after.

But there need be no fear of much longer delay of bankrupt adjudications, for I have the authority of Judge Trigg for the assurance that if a Register for this District be not soon obtained, he will either assign a Register from some other District to dispose of the cases here, or he will hear and adjudicate them himself; and those first filed will be first disposed of.

Petitioners are, therefore, really losing valuable time and perhaps some excellent business opportunities, by delaying to file their papers. Those who intend to do so at all, should file them immediately. Respectfully,

W. H. MITCHELL,
Clerk United States District Court.

ADVERTISING cards are now carried through the streets of Paris by trained dogs.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

BORNER—The friends and acquaintances of Herman Borner, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his wife, MARY, from his residence on Causey street, between Beale and Linden, this (Saturday) morning at 9 o'clock.

Carriages in attendance at the residence.

OBITUARY.

DEBAUN—Died, on the 16th October inst., in this city, Mrs. JENNIE DEBAUN, wife of James DeBaun, late of New Orleans, but for some months a citizen of Memphis.

James DeBaun is a native of Arkansas, the son of a most estimable gentleman who was for many years a leading merchant and valued citizen of Little Rock. Death has now come into the household of his son, and taken from him her who was the light of his life and his consoler in adversity for twenty years. Those only who have lived long enough to have few near friends, and who have lost that one who was nearer to them than all else on earth, can know how dark the world is to the husband left alone among the memorials of the love of the dear one whom he will see no more on earth.

DIED.

THORNTON—At the residence of James P. Wood, Esq., Brownsville, Tenn., on Friday, September 6th, 1867, after the thirty-third year of her age, Mrs. LUCY T. THORNTON, youngest daughter of Nicholas T. and Lucy Perkins, all of Brownsville.

Few have passed away from this world more deeply, or more universally regretted, than the subject of this notice. Exemplary in the discharge of all the varied duties of life, a dutiful and affectionate child, a gentle and loving sister, a faithful wife, and a self-sacrificing mother, she has left behind her a large circle of affectionate relations and admiring friends to mourn her departure. They mourn not, however, as those "who have no hope." For having, in the early spring-time of her life, consecrated herself to the service of God, she gave abundant and satisfactory evidence of the extent to which the principles of our Holy Religion had impressed themselves upon her character. Especially was this manifested during her last illness, which, though attended with many circumstances of a most painful nature, she bore with a truly Christian patience and resignation. The only circumstance which seemed to disturb her serenity during the last few days of her life was anxiety for the future of her children. Concerning them she frequently and gratefully testified, on repeated stating that she only desired to live for the sake of promoting their welfare. This anxiety, however, so instinctive in the bosom of every true mother, soon gave way to a firm conviction of God's goodness and mercy; and it became content to leave her precious little ones exclusively to the care and protection of the Saviour, in whom she had trusted. Her faith in that Saviour seemed to grow brighter and stronger, as the hour of conflict with the dread "King of Terrors" drew near. And passages of Holy Scripture, expressive of faith, hope and trust in God, and of humble resignation to His will, were continually upon her lips. Her end, too, was in exact keeping with her life. She breathed her last calmly, peacefully, and without a struggle, leaving her weeping family and surrounding friends ample cause for hoping and believing that she has gone to that happy land where "the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest." C.

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS

BLACK, CAMRON & CO.
HAVE REMOVED TO
No. 8 ADAMS STREET,
OPPOSITE WORSHAM HOUSE.
oct18 1w

CATARRH, Bronchitis, Scrofula of every phase, Liver and Kidney diseases. Wm. R. Prince, Flushing, N. Y., for sixty years proprietor of the Linnæn Nurseries, has discovered the remedial plants which are positive cures for the above and all inherited and chronic diseases. Dyspepsia, Asthma, Nervous debility, Rheumatism, and all Female maladies, and others resulting from impurity of the blood, hitherto incurable. Explanatory circular, one stamp. Treatise on all diseases, twenty cents. oct18 1t

MENKEN BROTHERS
OPENED TO-DAY:
CLOTH SACKS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HANDSOME SHAWLS,
WHITE BLANKETS,
FRENCH CHINTZES,
LINEN EMBROID'RIES,
FRENCH CORSETS,
BOYS' CASSIMERE,
MILES' SHOES,
AND A SPLENDID LINE OF CHILDREN'S AND GIRLS' TARTAN, PLAID AND FANCY STRIPED WOOL HOSE.

ALL AT POPULAR PRICES.
oct7

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE Stockholders of the MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD, will meet at the Company's Office in Memphis, on the 23d day of November next. By order of the Board.
oct6 1m W. B. WALDRAN, Secretary and Treasurer.

Sheriff's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of an order of sale to me directed from the Chancery Court of Memphis, I will, on

Tuesday, the 22d day of October, '67,

offer and sell for cash, to the highest and last bidder, at the foot of Gayoso street, city of Memphis, Tennessee, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described property, viz: The Steamboat SHERGOKEE, her boats, tackle and machinery, now lying at the foot of Gayoso street, Memphis, Tenn., to be sold as perishable property, in obedience to the above order of sale, issued as above, in an attachment suit in Law, at said Memphis, wherein William A. Robinson et al., are plaintiffs, and U. Unsmahal is defendant.
F. M. WINTER, Sheriff Shelby Co.
By JAMES H. SWAN, D. S. oct6 td

The Franklin Insurance and Banking Co.

ARE ready to issue Certificates of Stock. Subscribers are requested to call and receive the same. M. D. L. STEWART,
oct5 1w President.

UNITED STATES
Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
OF BALTIMORE, August 1st, 1867.

Cash Capital Paid In, - - $250.000
Surplus Assets, - - - $105,892 58

Board of Directors,
(Elected July, 1867):

R. K Hawley, Charles T. Morris, John W. Randolph, Wm. H. Cathcart, Geo. A. Coleman, Thos. Booz, Jas. T. Randolph, John S. Gilman, Philip Sherwood, A. H. Schulz, William Dean, John J. Abrahams, Franklin Hopkins, Richard Fonder, J. T. Mo ton, Jas. G. Ramsay, Robert Sinclair, John Turnbull, Jr., Caleb B. Hynes, Alfred Hay.

GEO. W. L. CROOK, Agent,
oct3 1f 279½ Main street.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the styles and firms of TAYLOR & McEWEN and TAYLORS, McEWEN & BLEW, were dissolved on 6th inst. by mutual consent of all the copartners.

JNO. L. TAYLOR having purchased the entire assets of every description and assumed all the liabilities, he only is authorized to collect the claims due to and to dispose of the property of said firms. WM. D. TAYLOR,
THOS. B. McEWEN,
ROBERT W. BLEW,
JNO. L. TAYLOR.
Sept. 8, 1867.

JNO. L. TAYLOR,
(Successor to Taylors, McEwen & Blew).

WILL continue the STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS and COTTON AND COMMISSION BUSINESS at the old stands,

222 Main Street, 91, 93, 95 Adams Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.,

Where he will be pleased to hear from his old friends.
MR. W. B. CHRISP, (late Morgan & Chrisp), will continue as heretofore in the Cotton Department. oct8 3m

HORACE STONE,
WHOLESALE
BOOTS & SHOES,
NO. 325
MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Having removed from my old store, No. 341, to
325 MAIN STREET, UP-STAIRS,
thereby reducing my expenses largely, I am enabled to offer unusual inducements in the way of bargains. sel

DE SOTO
Insurance and Trust Company
OF MEMPHIS,
Office in Company's Building, No. 42 Madison street.

CAPITAL, $300,000!!

Board of Directors:

Wm. M. Farrington, John Johnson, J. J. Rawlings, W. B. Galbreath, C. B. Church, C. W. Goyer, W. B. Greenlaw.

WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.
J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary.

This Company insures against loss by Fire Marine and River Risks. sep8e

NO GIFT ENTERPRISE
Or any other Swindle!
MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY STATE AND HAVANA LOTTERIES.
ONLY LEGAL LOTTERIES IN U. S.

THEY are drawn under State Charters; have been drawn for over FORTY YEARS. Bonds must be and are deposited with U. S. Collector as Security.
The prizes are drawn in public by two sworn Commissioners appointed by the State. Must be drawn if tickets are sold or not.
PRIZES ALL CASH.
There are two State Drawings each day, and two Havana Drawings each month.
Drawings can be seen two hours after purchase of tickets.
One-half the Tickets are Prizes.
Prizes paid on day of purchase.
Tickets $1 to $20, according to Scheme.
Prizes $1 to $100,000, according to Scheme.
Principal Agent, GEO. W. VAN VOAST, No. 10 Jefferson street.

R. O. BRADLEY
Dealer in all kinds of
CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, Buggies, Wagons, Harness, Etc.

377 (Jackson Block), Main Street.
daw

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS

RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for Sale the Residence of the late Hr. W. H. Raines, in the Town of Hernando, DeSoto county, Miss. There is on the premises a large and commodious Frame Building, with six rooms, Out-houses, Stables, Orchards, etc., and situated near the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad depot. For further information address the undersigned at Hernando, Miss. W. A. RAINES,
oct9 1m* Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—*To All Whom it May Concern:* Having taken out Letters of Administration on the Estates of Charles Cordes and Henry Cordes, I hereby notify all persons having claims on their Estates to come forward and present them, properly authenticated, etc., within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred. A. COR DES, Administrator.
Bullock & Anderson, attorneys. oct9 1m*

Mississippi and Tennessee R. R.

Change of Time.

ON and after SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19TH, 1867, until further notice, the Passenger Train will

Leave Memphis Daily at 5 p.m.,

One hour earlier than heretofore.
Train Arrives at Memphis Daily at 8 45 a. m.
This change is made temporarily, by request of numerous patrons of the road.
Parties wishing to leave Memphis at night and return in the morning, can purchase commutation tickets for twenty trips, to any point, or three, good for one month, at reduced rates, by applying at this office.
A. S. LIVERMORE,
oct9 1w General Superintendent.

Special Notice.

MEMPHIS, October 19, 1867.

FROM the present date to November first the Insurance Offices as undersigned will be closed at four p.m.
R. A. Littleton & Co., Agents.
Vredenburgh & Sylvester, agents.
Weaver & Mehaffey, agents.
John R. Stebbins, secretary.
S. P. Read, secretary.
Ben. May, secretary.
J. G Lonsdale, secretary. oct9 2t

Valuable Plantation to Lease.

I WILL Lease, as administrator of Christopher J. Field, dec'd, his Home Place—the place of Clay & Field, and the Plantation known as the Content Place. These Plantations are in the county of Bolivar, Miss., and in fine condition for cultivation, having been cultivated for years past. There is a new and fine Circular Saw-Mill on the Home Place, for Sale.
For further information apply to me at Paris, Bourbon county, Ky., or to Dr. E. J. Field, on the premises. B. J. CLAY,
oct9 Adm'r C. J. Field, dec'd.

D. B. FORSTER, late with A. J. White & Co.
C. W. KEALHOFER, formerly with Cassily, Hill & Co.
THOS. DAY, late of Str. Mollie Hambleton.

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE
Grocers, Cotton & Commission MERCHANTS,
209 Main Street, : : MEMPHIS.

☞ Carl Kealhofer will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. oct9

GRAND OPENING--BILLIARDS

The Donegana Billiard Hall,
Corner Second and Madison Sts.,
(Late Stillman Hall.)

THE undersigned begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has sold his leasehold interest in the late Eldorado Billiard Hall. He has refitted and almost newly refurnished the above establishment as a First Class Billiard Hall and is now prepared to accommodate his patrons in a style second to no establishment in the Southwest.
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING the Hall will be Opened to the Public with a Match Game of 500 Points, between the two most distinguished amateurs of Memphis
oct9 1m M. M. McKEOGH, Proprietor.

J. J. SMITH. JNO. L. LEECH.

SMITH & LEECH,
Rectifiers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers,
344 Second Street.
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
TO THE TRADE ONLY.

HAVING erected a large and extensive Rectifying establishment, we are prepared to supply our customers with a superior article of Whiskies on as good terms and at as low prices as can be bought in any market.
oct6 oct3 3m

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER
Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....SHIRLEY H. FRANCE
Last Night of the Accomplished LADY DON.
SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 19th, 1867.
Will be presented the favorite Comedy of
CASTE.
Polly Eccles.....LADY DON.
To Conclude with the Charming Selections of LADY DON'S IRISH BALLADS, with Illustrations of Tableaux Vivants.
Doors open at 7, curtain to rise at 8 precisely. Prices as usual. Seats may be secured six days in advance.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE
POSITIVELY 5 NIGHTS ONLY
COMMENCING
Tuesday, October 15th.

Marshall & Doyle's
Mikado Troupe of
JAPANESE.
24 Male and Female
Performers.
In the most Attractive and Sensational Entertainment of the Age.
Admission: Dress Circle and Parquettes, $1; Family Circle, 50c. Doors open at 7. Japanese will appear at 8 o'clock.
E. P. KENDALL, Agent.
oct8 6t

FASHIONABLE DANCING ACADEMY
AND GYMNASTICS.

MDME. LEISE would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Memphis and her Classes are now open at her new and splendid Hall, at No. 221 Second street, in the Adams block, one of the most superior and pleasant locations in the city. Mdme. L. has two large Halls suited to all the wants of her pupils. All her Classes will be strictly private. Pupils admitted on the days of initiation. All the new and most admirable dances taught. Class lessons—Ladies' classes Tuesdays and Saturdays at 10 o'clock a.m.;

ANNOUNCEMENT.

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election.
se7 to* J. W. KING.

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. au1 to*

WANTS.

WANTED:
A No. 1 Second-Hand Engine and Circular Saw Mill—not less than a thirty horse power engine. For further particulars, call on L. V. Dixon, attorney at law, No. 40 Madison street.
oct1 dlawtf.

Agents Wanted.

WE want an active energetic Agent in every civil district, at $50 to $250 per month, to canvass for and deliver our very popular Southern Historical Work. For full particulars address, inclosing three cent stamp,

J. B. SUTTON & CO., Publishers,
244 Third Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Give name in full—District, County and State plain and distinct.
se22 1m

WANTED—THE PATENT

AURORA OIL.

We want men every where to study their own interest. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle, and is NO MORE explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney—it does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—and even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible, one man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and bills while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a State is untold wealth.

For further information, call on or address
H. C. Dewitt & Co.,
24 Madison street, corner Main,
fy19 Memphis, Tenn.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—
I wish to rent 700 acres of rich Big Creek LAND, in the Northern portion of Shelby county, Tenn. It will be rented in large or small tracts. Address
CHAMBERLAYNE JONES, Sr.,
oct5 1m Care Wymeley, Joy & Co.

FOR RENT—
One-half of a most desirable Office, suitable for a Lawyer. Also, a sleeping room for rent and furniture of same for sale. Address G. G. W., Appeal office. oc5

FOR RENT—
A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
oct3-tf J. W. PAGE, Jr.

FOR RENT—
A Residence, corner Mulberry and Talbot streets, with four rooms and all necessary outdoor conveniences. Apply to
W. L. MEACHAM,
se22 No. 9 Union street.

TO RENT—
Two large and splendid Halls at No. 221 Second street, in Adams Block, suitable for literary associations, balls, private parties, cimbs, lectures, fairs, etc. Will be rented reasonably. Inquire of M. Hill, Main street, Webster Block; or Admr. Lisse, on the premises, from 7 to 10 o'clock p.m. se21

FOR RENT—
TWO OFFICES, formerly occupied by the Metropolitan Police Commissioners, No. 17 Madison street. Inquire at Police office, 63 Madison street.
Memphis, June 10, 1867. jel1 tf

TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF

FIVE YEARS,

THAT most desirable and centrally located Hotel, called "HOTEL DE EUROPE."
The Furniture, of every kind, now used in the Hotel, will be sold with the Lease if desired. For terms of Lease apply at the office of
KENNY & PORTER,
Kit Williams' Block.
oct1 tf Corner Second and Madison Sts.

FOR RENT—
STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's New Building, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. C. BETHELL, or S. P. WALKER, Jr., in rooms No 1 and 2. my21 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—
Twelve No. 1 Billiard Tables for sale. For particulars, inquire at D. H. EVANS',
oct 1m 12 Monroe street.

FOR SALE—
A good Second-hand BUGGY and HARNESS (little used) will be sold cheap. Apply to Taylor, Gay & Rutland, 304 Front street, or
au22 tf W. S. BRUCE & CO., Monroe street.

Piano for Sale.

A FINE KNABE PIANO, 7-octave, nearly new, cost over $500 for sale at a bargain. Part cash and part time. Apply to N. E. Appeal office. au8 tf

ENGINE AND BOILER For Sale.

ENGINE sets on Iron Bed Plate, has three feet stroke, thirteen-inch cylinder, reversable engine, Boiler is thirty feet long, forty-six inches in diameter, two flues, mud receiver attached, briden stack and guise, two front and grate bars. All complete, nearly new and in good running order.
Inquire of Pyle & Co., foot of Jefferson street, or to CUBBINS & GUNN, Adams st. se21 1m

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.
This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, without interest.
Also, 3200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and in the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.
These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.
Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law,
mh8-tf 293 Main street, Memphis

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of KENNEDY & SNEED was dissolved on the 23d instant by mutual consent. T. F. SNEED having purchased the entire stock and assumed all the liabilities, he only is authorized to collect and settle the old business.
W. H. KENNEDAY,
T. F. SNEED.
September 23.

THOS. F. SNEED,

Successor to Kenneday & Sneed,

WILL continue the Grocery, Cotton and Commission Business at the old stand No. 324 Main street, where he will be pleased to see all his old friends and customers.
se29 1m T. F. SNEED.

TITUS & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 10 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

WE respectfully solicit a share of the business of the planters of the South. We thank our former customers for their patronage, and would be pleased to have them continue business with us. Our charges are the same as heretofore. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed.
se25 3m

GAYOSO SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

Banking House 19 Madison St.

This institution, organized in 1856, has been in continuous and successful operation for the past ten years, continues to transact a

GENERAL EXCHANGE AND BANKING BUSINESS.

Will Receive Deposits, Buy and Sell

Foreign & Domestic Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money.

SELLS Exchange in sums to suit purchasers, on London and all leading cities of the United States, and will make collections on all accessible places in the North and West.

E. H. AVERY, Cashier.
JOHN C. LANIER, President.
oct2 3m

A. H. ISAACSON. H. O. SEIXAS

ISAACSON, SEIXAS & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

—AND—

IMPORTERS,

No. 66 Common Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

PARTICULAR attention given to the purchase of Coffee, Sugar and Molasses.

REFERENCES:
Commercial Bank of Tennessee, Memphis;
Pike, Lapeyre & Brother, New Orleans;
R. M. Runyan, Banker, St. Louis. feb23 tf

MERCHANTS' COTTON WAREHOUSE

J. V. PATRICK & CO.,
—GENERAL—

Storage Merchants,

409, 411 and 413 Shelby St.,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ WAREHOUSE FIRST-CLASS. ☜
se26 1m

Notice of Dissolution.

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 15, 1867.

THE partner hip heretofore existing between I. S. Fred. Hallman and John W. Browne, under the style and firm of Hallman & Browne, is this dissolved by mutual consent—S. Fred. Hallman continuing the business and assuming the liabilities.
HALLMAN & BROWNE.
Attest: J. W. S. BROWNE. oct16 1w

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Madison Street.

SATURDAY, : : : : : OCTOBER 19, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Express	8:00 p.m.	11:00 p m.
Express	10:45 a.m.	4:00 p.m.

SAM. E. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily, 8:45 a.m.	5 p.m.	
Freight, daily (except Sunday)	3:45 p m.	4:40 a m.

To Commence Saturday, October 19th, 1867.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen Ticket Ag't. oct19

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 3:15 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 5:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 3:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and Nashville railroads at 3 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 a.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

FIVE CENTS.

We request that our patrons will not pay the newsboys more than five cents a copy for the APPEAL. It is sold over the counter at that price, and we allow the newsboys a sufficient margin to make a handsome profit by selling the papers at five cents per copy.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL. Subscribers are requested to report any irregularities in the delivery of the APPEAL at the counting room. Carriers will be furnished weekly with certificates authorizing them to collect subscriptions.
ED. MANSFORD,
Supt. of Circulation.

REV. T. D. WITHERSPOON having returned to the city, will preach at the Second Presbyterian Church to-morrow (Sabbath) morning, at 11 o'clock.

RECOVERING.—We are pleased to be able to state that our personal friend Maj. Hal. Rogers, is recovering from an attack of yellow fever. We hope to see him out in a day or two, attending to his law business, as usual.

OFFICE SECRETARY BOARD OF HEALTH, } October 18, 1867. }

Interments from yellow fever for twenty-four hours, ending at 5 p.m., three.
W. E. ROGERS, M. D.,
Secretary Board of Health.

POLICE COURTS.—Business at the Police stations yesterday was very dull, only three arrests having been made up to dark. This state of things tells well for the morals of our city, if the Police have been as vigilant as they ought to be.

RESTORED.—Some days since Mr. Pat. Butler, who resides at 189 Market street, lost a valuable mule. The long-eared animal was recovered yesterday by the detectives and returned to the owner. The force have been very fortunate during the past few weeks in recovering stock.

PERSONAL.—We were gratified yesterday to find upon our table the card of F. W. Lynn, proprietor of the Jacksonport *Herald*. This journal is the oldest and most extensively circulated newspaper in the White river valley. Mr. Lynn will call upon our business men to-day.

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY—For the benefit of the Masonic Orphan's Home, combination class No. 101. The following were the drawn numbers, October 18, 1867:

54-22-75-58-50-56-65-40-19-46-70-55

H. BERKELE, Agent,
No. 21 Adams street.

HOUSE ROBBERY.—The residence of Mr. W. D Baird, No. 99 Market street, was entered at an early hour yesterday morning, when four jugs of liquors and a lot of groceries was taken therefrom. Information was given to the police of the robbery. Two negroes who had been employed by Mr. Baird to pile wood in his cellar, are suspected of the crime.

AN EMPLOYEE BEATEN.—A warrant was issued yesterday by Mr. Justice Black at the instance of a negro named John Covington, against the mate of the steamer Rowena, charging him with an assault. The complainant was minus several teeth, and alleged that the accused had kicked him out only on the prosesis, but the receiver of rations—i. e., the mouth.

HOG THIEF.—A freedman, who gave his name as Joe Rose, but latter known as Old Joe, was arrested yesterday in the Sixth Civil District on a warrant issued by Justice Ferdinand Smith, charged with stealing a porker, the property of one of his white neighbors, Thomas Carson. He plead guilty to the charge, and was sent up to answer further in the premises.

MRS. NEWMAN.—We beg leave to call the attention of our lady readers to the fact that this accomplished milliner and dress maker, No. 156 Main street, will have her grand opening of fall fashions on Saturday next. This lady has received all the latest styles of bonnets, hats, mantles, trimmings, etc. Our fashionable female friends should not fail to visit Mrs. Newman on Saturday.

GONE EAST.—Mr. Benton, of the firm of Benton & McLean, left a day or two since with his family for a visit North. In the meantime Capt. Duncan McLean will be found at the office of the firm in the DeSoto Building, Madison street. Those of his numerous friends who so desire will find the bonny Duncan there during business hours.

FIRE YESTERDAY MORNING.—The alarm of fire about four o'clock yesterday morning, was occasioned by the burning of a small frame building beyond the Charleston railroad bridge. The engines were on the ground, and by their timely action prevented the spread of the fiery element. The loss of the occupant, Mrs. O'Brien, is quite heavy, as she is a widow and had no insurance.

THE JAPANESE.—This Company appeared last night to a good house, and repeated some of their wonderful feats. They were, as heretofore, heartily applauded by their auditors. They a Matinee this afternoon. Doors open at 2 o'clock, and a performance this evening. The best of order is preserved, and ladies and children can can pass a pleasant hour by attending the performance this p. m.

STEALING INK.—Ed. Howard and Jas. McLure, two of the three parties arrested on Thursday, charged with stealing ink from the warehouse of Mr. Babb, on Front row, were before Mr. Justice Miller yesterday for examination. The evidence against them was so conclusive that the magistrate saw fit to send them to the Criminal Court for trial. An interview with Judge Hunter will probably secure them free passes to Nashville.

INQUEST.—Mr. Coroner Cotton held an inquest yesterday on the body of a colored man named William Harris. The deceased was an employee of the Commercial Hotel, and resided near the corner of Orleans and Beal streets. He died rather suddenly, and it was rumored that he had been the victim of a poisoner; but the jury, after a careful investigation, failed to elicit any evidence to sustain the charge, they rendered a verdict, finding that the deceased came to his death from natural causes.

BILLIARDS.—The Donegana Billiard Hall, corner of Second and Madison streets, (late Stillman Hall,) has been opened by Mr. M. McKeogh, late of the Commercial Hotel. To-night the regular opening will take place, when our best billiard players will take a part. Mr. McKeogh is a gentleman of genial qualities and high business qualifications. His friends may well entrust the management of so agreeable a spot to his supervision. His hall is central, and his friends and patrons will be the *elite* of the city. See his card.

TEMPORARY CHANGE OF BASE.—The complete suspension of business here and elsewhere, unanticipated and continuous for the past five weeks, and the presence of alleged epidemics, as distractive to business as if cholera and yellow fever raged in the city and country, has compelled the removal of the Southern Asylum Agency to Hernando, to which place the business managers have temporarily transferred their families. The drawings announced for the 21st instant are postponed for a short time until the managers and directors of the Company, scattered by the supposed epidemic, can be assembled.

WHAT IS IT?—The following telegram was received yesterday by an eminent physician. From the reading thereof it will be seen that the doctors in the Crescent, as well as the Bluff City disagree as to the nature and origin of the disease:

Great many physicians doubted its being yellow fever; and great many old nurses, and others that are experienced, think it's what is called the Mexican plague. It is different from any yellow fever that they ever have had here—so they say. I just give it to you as common topic of conversation here. Large number here doubt its being genuine yellow fever. As for myself I think it is. I merely gave it the other day as an item of interest to you. C.

THE FIVE POINTS AGAIN.

SHOOTING AFFAIR AT A HOUSE OF ILL-FAME.

A Pistol Discharged at the Inmates—The Police Resisted.

That miserable locality now known as the Five Points of Memphis, did not fail yesterday to contribute its quota to the criminal docket. About four o'clock in the afternoon, not a little excitement was caused in the rear of the Varieties Theater by the discharge of two pistol shots, as well as the outcries of the inmates of the notorious house of bad repute kept by a woman well known to the police as Mag Moody. Officer Welsh being near at once proceeded to the house and demanded admittance. His demand was refused. When he threatened to force the door, another shot was fired through the door. The officer, however, gained admittance and arrested a man named William Vanworth, (from whom he took a navy six-shooter,) and lodged him in jail. As far as we could learn, it appears that Vanworth was jealous of some man who went to see one of the inmates of this brothel, and determined to shoot. Fortunately no person was hurt. The party he was after, Jimmy Doyle, escaping through a back window. It is, we think, safe to say that four-fifths of the murders and assassinations committed in this city during the past eight months, have taken place in this vicinity. That we have not another deed of blood to record this morning, is no fault of the participants. It does indeed seem strange that the police are powerless as to the breaking up of these sinks of iniquity. Once a month is not often enough to "pull them."

HOWARD ASSOCIATION.—Friday, October 18, the Executive Committee met pursuant to adjournment. It was on motion resolved that members not reporting after being properly notified, shall be dropped from the roll, unless a satisfactory excuse be rendered.

Resolved, That W. C. Cole have having used indecorous and improper language towards the Sisters of Mercy and the Association, be considered no longer a member thereof.

On motion, Dr. W. S. Tremaine, U. S. A., was unanimously elected an honorary member of the Association.

The following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, A proposition has been submitted to the Association from some of the prominent business men of the city, with the approval of the Mayor, that we should recommend that the stores and offices be closed during a portion of the business hours, in order that young men may have an opportunity of nursing the sick;

Resolved, unanimously, That with the highest regard for the source from which the suggestion emanates, we feel compelled respectfully to decline acceding to it.

Resolved, That the Howard Association deems it inexpedient to recommend a curtailment of the hours of business, because, although there is a considerable amount of sickness of various kinds in the city and suburbs, it does not prevail to such an extent as would justify so extreme a measure, which would excite alarm and create a panic, highly prejudicial to the business interests of the city.

Resolved, That we feel highly encouraged by the liberal responses of our business men to our appeals for pecuniary assistance, and earnestly invoke the aid of those who are desirous, and feel competent, to assist in nursing the sick, and we cannot doubt that every facility will be afforded by employers to those in their service who may wish to engage in that capacity.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Many cases of this kind have occurred in and about the city of Memphis, during the past few months. To show that we are not alone in this matter, we quote the following from the Chicago *Evening Journal* of a recent date: About 2 o'clock yesterday morning Martin Casey, living on the street-bridge, was on his way home and had arrived at the corner of Harrison and Sabor streets. Here were standing three men engaged in close conversation. Casey passed by them, and not apprehending danger, strolled very leisurely enjoying his moonlight walk. He had proceeded but a few rods when he was suddenly struck a heavy blow from behind, which had the effect of somewhat staggering him. Immediately afterward he was passed him at a run and disappeared among some woodpiles a little distance ahead, and thither he hastened at a lively speed. On reaching the woodpile, a man named Wall sprang out upon him. A protracted struggle took place, in which the foot-pad came off victorious, but without having accomplished his object, which undoubtedly had been robbery, as Casey swears Wall jerked repeatedly at his watch-chain, which, being unusually strong, refused to yield to the villain's repeated attempts. He succeeded, however, in stealing five dollars from his victim's pockets, which he thoroughly searched. Information of the affair was given to the police, who arrested Wall soon after the occurrence, and he was identified by Casey as being one of three men whom he had seen at the corner. This morning the prisoner was arraigned before Justice Sturtevant. Casey produced a hat which he had picked up on the spot where the struggle had taken place. The hat was identified as Wall's. The robber was sent for trial in bail of $800.

DISCONTINUED.—By the following it will be seen that the daily reports of new cases of yellow fever are to be discontinued. The reports of deaths will still be published daily, by which the public can judge of the prevalence of the disease:

At a meeting of the Board of Health at the Gayoso House to-day, a number of medical gentlemen were present, and the following resolution, offerred by Dr. Mitchell, was adopted:

WHEREAS, The reports of new cases of yellow fever are so incomplete, on account of the inability of many physicians to report their cases during the day, therefore

Resolved, That we recommend to the Board of Health that the Secretary be requested to discontinue the publication of new cases, and confine his report to the number of deaths from yellow fever daily.

B. F. BROWN, M. D., President.
W. E. ROGERS, Secretary Board of Health.

Correspondence.

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 18, 1867.

R. W. Ainslie, President Howard Association, Memphis:

Dear Sir: I inclose you check for one hundred dollars, for use of your Association. Yours, very respectfully,
AD. STORM, Treasurer.

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 18, 1867.

Capt. Ad. Storm, Treasurer, Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company:

Sir: Your donation is most thankfully received. As the dew refreshes the little flower, such donations from our friends gives us renewed incentives to relieve the wants of those who are dependent upon us. Thanking your Company for their liberal donation,

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
R. W. AINSLIE,
President Howard Association.

NEW RULE OF PRACTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—The following rule was ordered by Judge Trigg yesterday, to be added to the rules in practice in bankruptcy in this district: Rule 11. In case no choice of an assignee is made by the creditors at their meeting, or in case an assignee, chosen by the creditors, fails within five days to express in writing his acceptance of the trust, or in case a vacancy in the position of assignee, caused by removal, death or otherwise, Wm. Y. Cirode, of the city of Memphis, will be appointed assignee, and when said Cirode shall be appointed by any Register, such appointment is hereby approved by the Judge, of any special case and vacancy in the office of assignee, filled, by an election of the creditors, by appointment of an assignee other than above named.

LADY DON'S BENEFIT.—The New Memphis Theater was well filled last night by an appreciative audience, on the occasion of Lady Don's benefit. The favorite comedy of *Cute* was produced. The fair beneficiary appearing as "Polly Eccles," Mrs. Allen doing "Mollie," and Mr. Efferton "Eccles." The "S. G." of Mr. France was excellent. He never fails to please in any part which he attempts. Frank Rochs and Ferguson were, as usual, very good. The same piece will be repeated to-night, with the addition of a selection of popular Irish ballads. As this is to be the last appearance of Lady Don, it is to be hoped that the house will be well filled, to give her that parting token which, as a lady and actress, she fully deserves.

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL.—This hotel, which has, during the past season, been the favorite resort of so many of our best families, has recently changed managers. Mr. T. J. Craft, late of Danville, Va., is in charge, and is fully prepared to wait upon all comers. From the well known reputation of this gentleman as a hotel keeper, we venture to say that his patrons will have no cause of complaint. Mr. W. W. Grigg is the presiding genius at the office. He always counts correctly. Many Memphians are now at the hotel, and rooms are reserved for others who are expected.

A REMONSTRANCE.—A paragraph is going the rounds of the Journals to the effect that "pink and blue gaiters are to be worn this fall by the ladies." Female costume it seems to us is becoming more and more theatrical every year, but let us hope that "the ladies" will not treat us to this last absurdity. Abstractly, pink and blue are pretty enough colors, but we would rather see them on the bonnet ribbons than on the feet. Pink and blue gaiters are appropriate on the feet of an acrobat or *danseuse*; as part of a walking costume they are simply vulgar and absurd.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Books.

LAW BOOKS,
School Books,
Novels,

And a Fine stock of Stationery,

—AT—

C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,

oct3 1m No. 312 Second street, Corner of Monroe.

Grand Opening

—OF—

FALL FASHIONS

—AT—

L. KREMER'S.

OCTOBER 15TH,

WE will open the largest and most magnificent stock of Goods in our line, ever offered before in Memphis; and having imported direct, we can and will offer extraordinary inducements.
oct3 1w L. KREMER.

VICKSBURG, MISS., October 8, 1867.

IN consequence of the prevalence of yellow fever in the city of Vicksburg, we feel compelled, by the duty we owe to ourselves, our families and employees, to postpone the second preliminary distribution of the Mississippi Agricultural, Educational and Manufacturing Aid Society from the 16th day of October to the 2d of November, 1867.

To give our patrons and the public, at a distance, the necessary time for renewal of Certificates, the third preliminary distribution will be drawn November 30th, and the Grand Scheme, December 26, 1867.

We trust that a kind and indulgent public will both excuse and approve of the short postponement.

Correspondents, and persons ordering certificates, are requested to direct their communications to the Secretary at Meridian, Miss., to which place our office is temporarily removed. An authorized agent will remain at Vicksburg to attend to any communications or orders for Certificates.

W. D. LYLES, President.
ALBERT SANDEL, Secretary.

☞ The drawing of the School Fund for Vicksburg and Jackson will be postponed from October 24th to November 12th, 1867.
oct3 1w

SHANE, BELL & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
GENERAL COMMISSION
and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 254 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

Liberal advances made on Produce in Store. Strict attention paid to Filling Orders.

Gen. T. H. Bell, R. F. Herron, J. A Shane, Dr. A. Harris.

Harris, Miller & Co.,
No. 102 W. Second Street,
oct10 3m CINCINNATI, OHIO.

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
—AND—
Cotton Factors,
(Agents for the Regular Arkansas River Packets),
No. 272 Front Street,
Memphis, Tennessee.

500 Bbls Mess Pork,
75 Casks Bacon Sides,
25 Casks Shoulders,
3225 Sacks Choice Coffee,
250 Bbls Sugar, assorted,
800 Bbls Flour, all grades,
200 Bbls Meal,
50 Bbls Whisky,
1000 Bbls N. O. Molasses,
150 Half Bbls N. O. Molasses,
500 Kits Mackerel,
50 Bbls No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel
250 Pieces Kentucky Bagging,
20 Bales India Bagging,
100 Coils Rope,
200 Half Coils Rope,
300 Kegs Lard,
50 Tierces Lard,
100 Bxs Tobacco, assrt'd brands
50 Bbls No. 1 Cider Vinegar,
50 Bbls Breakfast Bacon,
50 Tierces Sugar-cured Hams.

And an extra large assortment of Groceries which will be sold low for cash, or on usual time to prompt paying customers.

Advances will be made on shipments of Cotton, for sale here, or to our friends in New Orleans.

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
se28 272 Front Street.

THE FRANKLIN
INSURANCE AND BANKING COMPANY

HAVE resumed business under the following management:

DIRECTORS:

E. T. KEEL, WM. N. BROWN,
W. N. WILKINSON, JAS. MALATESTA,
M. L. MEACHAM, M. D. L. STEWART,
I. B. MERCER.

M. D. L. STEWART, - - - President.
CYRUS JOHNSON, - - - - Cashier.

☞ Will receive Deposits, Discount Notes and Bills, and transact all business authorized by the Charter.

Corner of Jefferson and Front sts.,
oct6 tf MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
CORNER OF FRONT AND JEFFERSON STREETS,
MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

THIS well known and popular Hotel is in the very CENTER OF THE CITY, convenient to the Steamboat Landings, all Railroad Depots and Places of Amusement.

PRICES REDUCED TO SUIT THE TIMES.

C. A. CHEAIRS, Clerk. D. BRYSON, Prop'r.
se29 3m

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight Office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co.

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.

G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.
H. F. HECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati

E. D. COBB, Agent
se24 Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

J. S. Shaw & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, IRON & STEEL,
Stoves and Castings.
233 SECOND STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of Builders' Materials, Blacksmiths' and Carpenters' Tools, Wagons, Drays, Farming Implements of all Kinds.

Sell at small profits, and flatter ourselves that we can offer superior inducements to purchasers. Give us a call.

WE BUY FOR CASH,

W. W. GUY, Salisbury, Tenn.
T. L. ALDEN, Late Bostick, Griffith & Co.
J. McCRAE, Memphis.
R. W. MCLELLAN, Saulsbury, Tenn.

Guy, Alden, McCrae & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Forwarding and Commission Merchants,
208 Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL Cash Advances on Cotton and other Consignments. se28 1m

E. M. APPERSON, G. V. RAMBAUT.

E. M. APPERSON & CO.,
Cotton Factors
GROCERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 238½ Front and 6 Jefferson Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

A LARGE stock of Plantation Supplies, Bagging, Rope, Ties, etc., for sale to customers on usual terms. oct2 1m

STEAMBOATS.

LARRY HARMSTAD & CO.,
Steamboat Agents and Proprietors
Memphis City Wharf-Boat.
OFFICE—287 Main Street, corner of Madison.
se17

FOR ST. LOUIS.

For Cairo and St. Louis.
CITY OF CAIRO.....Bob. K. Reilly master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
THIS DAY, 19th inst., at 5 p.m.
oct9 1t FLEM. CALVERT, Sup't.

For Cairo and St. Louis.
NIGHTINGALE.....Frazier, master
This splendid passenger steamer will leave for the above on
THIS DAY, 19th inst., at 10 a.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., Agents,
Corner Main and Madison streets or
oct9 1t Wharf-boat, foot Monroe street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

For New Orleans.
RIGHT WAY.....Konns, master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
THIS DAY, 19th inst, at 12 m.
LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., Agents,
Corner Main and Madison sts., or
oct9 1t City Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

For New Orleans.
MARY E. FORSYTH.....Thompson, master
This superb passenger steamer will leave as above on
THIS DAY, 19th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., Agents,
Corner Main and Madison sts.,
oct9 1t and City Wharfboat foot Monroe st

FOR WHITE RIVER.

For White River.
IDA REESE.....Dickinson, master
This splendid passenger steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 19th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., Agents,
Corner Main and Madison sts., or
oct9 1t City Wharf boat, foot Monroe st.

For White River.
ROWENA.....Davis master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
SATURDAY, 19th inst., at 5 p.m.
LEVY & MILLER, Agents,
oct8 2t 292 Front street.

FOR VICKSBURG.

For Vicksburg and Way Landings.
DAN ABLE.....Lee master
Leaves Memphis for the above and intermediate points
SATURDAY, 19th inst., at 5 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
oct7 3t 254 Front street.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Weekly U. S. Mail Packet.

For Pine Bluff and Little Rock.
GLEANER.....Fenwick master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above
SATURDAY, 19th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
JAMES T. BOURNE & CO., Agents,
No. 12 Jefferson street.
N. L. GREEN, Superintendent. oct6 tf

REORGANIZATION.

St. Louis, Memphis & Vicksburg
PACKET LINE.

ONE of the four following first class side wheel Steamers will leave Memphis promptly on FRIDAYS and MONDAYS, at 5 o'clock p.m., for Vicksburg and all way landings: Steamers

RUBICON, W. H. Blake, Master, FRIDAYS;
R. J. McGRIEVE, H. Carter, Master, FRIDAYS;
COLUMBIAN, Barnes, Master, MONDAYS;
PEORIA CITY, D. H. Silver, Master, MONDAYS

Making close connection with Meridian and Selma Railroad, and Yazoo River Packets.

By promptness and regularity and strict attention to all business entrusted to them, these Packets trust to merit and receive the patronage of all ppers.

Freight received at all hours at City Wharfboat, foot of Monroe street.

LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., Agents,
287 Main street, corner Madison.

FOR SALE—

A LIGHT draft-iern-wheel boat; length 115 feet, breadth of beam 32 feet, depth of hold 3 feet, width of floor 21 feet; open hold abaft of boiler. Machinery consists of two (2) engines, nine (9) inch cylinder (9¾) inch bore and three (3) feet stroke; one (1) doctor engine; one (1) five (5) flued boilers, twenty (20) feet long, forty (40) inches in diameter; hull was built by Messrs. Beaupre & Kimball, of Metropolis, Ill., of the best material, and completed in June last. She is now receiving her cabin and will be ready for business by the 20th of October. Will draw not to exceed twelve (12) inches of water. Address,
REED & MANN,
oct5 3m Cairo Iron Works.

Memphis and White River
Packet Company.

The Steamers

OZARK, ROWENA, COMMERCIAL

WILL form a tri-weekly line between Memphis and White river, leaving Memphis every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 5 o'clock p.m.
JOHN R. DAVIS, Sup't.
LEVY & MILLER, Agents, 292 Front st.
oct3

Regular Tuesday Packet.
For Vicksburg and the Bends.

ST. PATRICK : Garret F. Huls, master
CLAY RICE, Clerk.

This splendid steamer will continue in the trade during the season, leaving Memphis EVERY TUESDAY, at 5 p.m. Freight for New Orleans will be received at Vicksburg on the mail line from that port. Rates as low as by any other line.
se13

Regular Memphis and New Orleans Weekly Line.

Regular Memphis and New Orleans Packet,
HENRY AMES - - J. F. Hicks master
THOS. L. CRAWFORD, Clerk.

This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave Memphis for New Orleans, October 16th, and EVERY ALTERNATE WEDNESDAY throughout the season.

Regular Memphis and New Orleans Packet,
OLIVE BRANCH - Isaac Jones master

This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave Memphis for New Orleans, October 23rd, and EVERY ALTERNATE WEDNESDAY throughout the season.

MARTIN WALT & CO., and
JAMES T. BOURNE & CO., Agents,
S. H. SHOCK, Gen'l Passenger Agent. se10

Memphis and Mound City Ferry Packet.
PEOSTA.....M. R. CREEK, Master.

LEAVES the ...andi g, foot of Adams street, at 5½ and 11 o'clock a.m., and 3 and 5½ p.m. Mound City at 9 o'clock a.m., and 2 and 5 o'clock p.m.

Memphis and White River
REGULAR THURSDAY PACKET.

THE steamer JOHN S. MCCUNE will leave every THURSDAY at 5 o'clock p.m., commencing September the 5th, connecting at Duvall's Bluff every Saturday morning with Railroad train to Little Rock, arriving at DesArc at 12 o'clock m., Augusta at 10 p.m., Grand Glaize Sunday morning, arriving at Pittsburg at 12 o'clock m. The McCune being very light draft, will be able to go through to Jacksonport and Paroquette Bluffs at all stages of water.
W. JAY JOHNSON,
au30 LARRY HARNSTAD, Agents.

NOTICES.

Pianos, Organs & Melodeons

TUNED and Repaired by
HENRY G. HOLLENBERG,
Piano and Organ Maker.
Leave orders at No. 250 Second street, or at the Book stores. oct5 1m

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Assets, over Six and a Half Million Dollars.

ISSUES Policies on all the different plans, and at as low rates as Safety and Prudence will justify. Takes a note for Half the Premium, thereby you get double the amount of insurance for the money spent. Pays all Cash Companies. Call and see its advantages offered by the Agents at 22½ Madison street, up-stairs.
oct 3m MOORE & WEST, Agents.

Three-fourths of the Profits Returned to the Policy Holders in the

Georgia Home Insurance Co.,
OF COLUMBUS, GA.
[INCORPORATED 1859.]
Cash Capital and Surplus, - - $400,000

LIBERAL CONDITIONS — EQUITABLE Rates, and Prompt Settlements. Parties insuring in this company will get their proportion of profits in Scrip, which will be taken at par value on renewals.
MOORE & WEST, Agents.
22½ Madison street.

NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Fifty-Three sacks of Rye, marked "C," now in store, will be sold by the undersigned in thirty days to pay charges, if not called for by the owner or consignee.
LEVY & MILLER.
se25 1awlm 292 Front street.

A. M. PRICE, Of St. Louis, Mo
WM. R. YEATMAN, Of Nashville, Tenn.

PRICE & YEATMAN,
General Commission
—AND—
Forwarding Merchants,
No. 11 Monroe street,
MEMPHIS, T

RAILROADS.

For the East and North.

Speed, Comfort, Safety.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD,

From Memphis and intervening points, to

Georgia, the Carolinas, Virginia Springs, Lynchburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Etc., etc.

TRAINS leave Memphis and Charleston Depot as follows: 6.40 a.m. This train arrives at Naul ville

Eight Hours in Advance

Of any train leaving Memphis on same day. 6.10 p.m.—This train arrives at Nashville

Two Hours in Advance

Of Night Express by any other route. Smooth track; better equipments, and quicker time, than by any other route.

One hundred and eighty-six miles shorter to Washington, and ninety-eight miles shorter to New York than any other route.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS

On all Night Trains.

Baggage checked through. Checks given at Hotels or private residences when ordered at the office of the Company.

Fare Same as by Any Other Route.

Tickets to all parts can be procured at the office of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, corner of Main and South Court streets, Memphis, Tenn.

A. A. BARNES, Gen. Ticket Agt.
SAM. C. WEAVER, Ticket Agent. oct8 1m

Quick Time

BY THE

NEW ROUTE TO NASHVILLE,

Memphis and Ohio, and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads, via McKenzie.

Commencing Tuesday, Oct. 1.

TRAINS for Nashville will leave Depot head of Main street as follows:

Evening Express leaves Memphis at 4:30 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 6.40 a.m. next day. This train arrives at Nashville

Seven Hours and Forty-five Minutes

In advance of Evening Train from Memphis by any other route.

Night Express leaves Memphis at 11:00 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 4:00 p.m. next day. This route is

Seventy-Eight Miles Shorter

To Nashville than via Decatur.

FARE REDUCED TO $12 00.

Through Tickets via Nashville to CHATTANOOGA, KNOXVILLE, ATLANTA, and all Principal Points in GEORGIA, ALABAMA and the CAROLINAS.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at No. 275½ Main street, and at the Depot, Head of Main street.

M. GRIDLEY, Gen'l Sup't,
Ticket Agent. SAM. B JONES,
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

OMNIBUSES of Memphis City Transfer Company call at all the principal Hotels before the departure of Trains, and Check Baggage to all Points. By leaving orders at Ticket Office, 275½ Main street, will call at any part of city of steamboat landing. JOHN H. JONES,

Sup't M. C. T. Co.
October 1, 1867. oct 1f

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., September 25, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4:30 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jeffersonville road, and all Eastern cities, and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and cities North and East, and is the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central Railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville Railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

Cars Go Through Without Change.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage Checked through to all important places. Persons holding Through Tickets can stop over at any point, and resume journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 275½ Main street, and at Depot. SAM B. JONES,
General Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. oct 1f

UNDERTAKERS.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS

At the Old Stand,

NO. 320 MAIN STREET

au14 MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. FLAHERTY

C. D. FLAHERTY, WITH P. WESCHE.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE.

MANUFACTURE all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their Factory on VANCE STREET. Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture, and at reasonable rates. Also,

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. se21

Just Received.

10 barrels Cook's Five Year Old Bourbon.

2 quarter pipes "Pellvoisin" Brandy.

We have also a large and choice stock of

Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Cordials, Liquors, and the Celebrated Bavarian Bitters.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
au25 276 Front Street.

Notice to the Public.

IN retiring from the Drug business in this city we would give notice that we have sold our entire Stock, Fixtures, the Fixtures, House, etc., of the well-known stand, No. 318 Main street, to Dr. J. B. WASSON & CO., to whom we have formerly succeeded, and after returning our he rtfelt thanks to our numerous patrons and friends who have so liberally favored us during our continuation of business, we solicit for our successors a continuation of the same. As to the character and qualifications of our worthy successors in this branch of trade, their reputation is too well and favorably known in this city and throughout the country generally for us to be able in anything we might here state to add thereto. Suffice it to say they are of long and tried experience in this branch of business, and therefore most cordially recommend a continuation of our patrons with them.

J. HINA. NIPGEN.
NIPGEN & REAKIRT.

The unsettled business of NIPGEN & REAKIRT and JOHN A. NIPGEN will be settled by either of the old partners at the old stand.

JOHN A. NIPGEN.
NIPGEN & REAKIRT.

To the Public.

IN having made the above purchase and resumed business at the old and well known stand, No. 318 Main street, where we have so often and for so many long years of sunshine and adversity met our old friends and patrons; and as a train of unforseen and providential circumstances have shifted us around to our former place of business, it is with feeling of earnest congratulation that we are again prepared to offer to our former patrons and the public generally a large and well selected Stock of Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc., and indeed every thing usually kept in a first-class and well conducted Drug Store, to which we are now adding, and will continue to add constantly, fresh supplies of the most rapid and choice Articles the markets can afford. And as we shall import from foreign markets direct, and from first hand dealers, we intend making this House "the Drug Emporium of the South;" we would, therefore, hold out special inducements, to both Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the city and country, to give us a call, examine and price our Goods before purchasing elsewhere, for we are determined, by our close vigilance of the markets of this and foreign countries, as well as with a careful management in making our purchases, so as to be able, with the choice quality of our stock and the low prices we will offer them at, to be able to vie with and even defy competition. Anxiously hoping, therefore, that these propositions of ours we intend to make good to the letter all we have proposed, will meet with the hearty concurrence of our old friends and patrons and the community generally. We are very respectfully, yours, etc., J. B. WASSON & CO.,
Proprietors

The Avalanche, Bulletin, Ledger and Post will please copy one month. oct 1m

Arrow Cotton Ties—

●RGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

Fire and Burglar Proof Safes—

Marvin & Co's greatly celebrated Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, for banking houses and bankers; also, PLATE SAFES for parlors, at manufacturers' prices.

ORGILL BROS. & CO
Sole Agents in Memphis.

1800 bxs. French Window Glass.

Imported direct, and for sale by
au2 3m

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,

Poplar Street, East of Orleans,

Mrs. M. E. POPE, Principal.

PERSONS wishing to enter pupils will please call after 3 p.m., or at any time Saturday.
se18 1f

Notice.

I WILL sell my lower Plantation in Tunica county, or exchange it for other good property, or lease it for the next year or for a series of years. It is one of the highest and best in the county, about 40 miles below Memphis.
A. WRIGHT.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

D. H. EVANS,

IMPORTER

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS,

No. 44 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

se25 1m

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers,

281 : MAIN STREET : 281

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

JAMES H. MEGIBBEN.

A. VACCARO, M. MACKYNEY, JR.
S. VACCARO, A. B. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

my8

U. S. BONDED CELLAR.

NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

RHENISH & FRENCH WINES, LIQUORS,

Foreign Fruits,

AND PRODUCE.

No. 262 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'

CELEBRATED

BAVARIAN BITTERS,

The best Bitters in the market

as a

TONIC AND APPETIZER.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
276 Front Row.

F. E. RADCLIFF,

Contractor and General Agent

FOR THE SALE OF

Stone Drain Pipe of all Sizes, Louisville Cement, Alabama Lime, Plaster of Paris, Etc.,

Has removed his office to

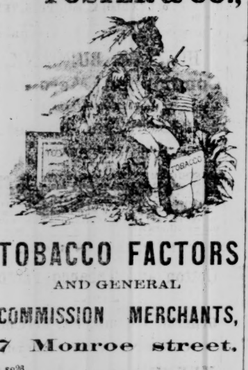
No. 39 Madison Street,

Between Main and Second,

WHERE he will attend to all orders promptly. Especial attention by experienced men given to all kinds of sewering.
my5 1f

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,



TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

7 Monroe street.

se28

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency,

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. se21

Just Received.

10 barrels Cook's Five Year Old Bourbon.

2 quarter pipes "Pellvoisin" Brandy.

We have also a large and choice stock of

Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Cordials, Liquors, and the Celebrated Bavarian Bitters.

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Proprietors

The Avalanche, Bulletin, Ledger and Post will please copy one month. oct 1m

NEW GOODS!

RICE & ENGEL,

224 MAIN STREET,

ARE RECEIVING THEIR

FALL STOCK

Of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ready-Made Clothing and

PLANTATION SUPPLIES.

We also pay special attention to the sale of Cotton, and will fill orders for Plantation Supplies for all who may favor us with their patronage. se28 8m

Notice.

AT the November Term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., I will apply for Letters of Administration on the estate of Henry Bower, deceased.

J. S. MARKS.
Hallum & Washington, Attorneys.
oc9 law4w

BANKS AND BANKING

P. C. BETHELL, President. J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

TENNESSEE SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

BETHELL BUILDING,

Corner Court and Main Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

TRANSACTS a General Banking Business, Receives Deposits, Deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.

DIRECTORS:

JNO C. LANIER, President—W. H. CHERRY, President Bayou Sara Savings Association. dent Merchants' National Institution. Bank,
JAS. E. DOAK, President Memphis Bank. P. C. BETHELL, J. K. P. PRITCHARD.
se29 3m

BANKING.

MEMPHIS INSURANCE COMPANY.

ORGANIZED 1844.

OFFICE, 22 1-2 MADISON STREET.

J. J. MURPHY, - - - President.
F. M. CASH, - - - - Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

J. J. MURPHY, E. M. APPERSON,
T. A. NELSON, J. C. JOHNSON,
Of S. O. & T. A. Nelson, Of O. Falls & Co.
J. F. FRANK, F. M. CASH,
J. T. STRATTON, of Stratton, Goyer & Co.

THIS Institution is prepared to receive Deposits, to buy and sell Exchange on all the principal commercial cities, and to collect Drafts on this city an 1 all principal points in this section. Remittances promptly attended to. F. M. CASH Secretary.

Planters' Bank Notes.

IN accordance with an act of the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, approved December 12, 1868, entitled an act to expedite the distribution of the effects of Banks which have or may make assignments among their creditors, notice is hereby given to the holders of the notes of the Planters' Bank of Tennessee to present them to the undersigned at the Bank in Nashville for payment between now and the first day of January, 1869, or they will be forever barred.

jy27 Qal.1869 D. WEAVER, Trustee.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE,

MEMPHIS.

No. 12 Madison Street.

F. W. SMITH, : : : President.
D. A. SHEPHERD, : : : Cashier.
my22 tf

THE DeSOTO BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

NO. 20 MADISON STREET.

JAMES ELDER, - - - - President.
W. H. WOOD, - - - Vice-President.
T. R. FARNSWORTH, - - - - Cashier.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF TENNESSEE,

MEMPHIS.

J. W. PAGE, Jr., : : : : President.
H. K. GARTH, : : : : : : Cashier.

BANK BUILDING,

Corner Madison and Main Streets.

DOES A GENERAL

DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS;

—DEALS IN—

Coin, Uncurrent Money and Government Securities.

Collections from all points Solicited.

sep16 tf

THE MERCHANTS'

NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FINANCIAL Agent of the United States. Capital paid in, $300,000. Authorized Capital, $1,000,000.

Collections made in the city, and at all accessible points in the South, and generally remitted on the day of payment, at current rates of Eastern Exchange.

W. H. CHERRY, : : President.
A. T. LACEY, : Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN, : : : Cashier.

DIRECTORS.—Amos Woodruff, W. A. Goodyear, Capt. C. B. Church, H. A. Pattee, R. Hough, M. E. Cochran, A. J. White, H. T. Tomlinson, John L. Taylor, Jas. E. Merriman, Thos. R. Smith, A. T. Lacey, W. H. Cherry. my22 tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

Depository and Financial Agent

—OF THE—

United States.

F. S. DAVIS, - - - - President.
R. C. BRINKLEY, - Vice-President.
C. P. NORRIS, - - - - Cashier.
T. W. JOHNSTON, - - Ass't Cashier.

MEMPHIS

GERMAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 16 ADAMS STREET NO. 16.

General Banking

—AND—

American and European

EXCHANGE BUSINESS.

D. PANTE, - - - - - President.
FRED. WARNER, - - - - - Cashier.
my22 tf

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 9 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.,

J. LEVY, Pres't. S. BORG, Cashier.
L. LEVY, V. P. M. C. KOHN, Ass't Cash.

[Successors to Levy & Borg.]

—DEALS IN—

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE,

Gold, Silver, Stocks, Bonds,

Government and Miscellaneous Securities

AND all descriptions of Uncurrent Funds. Deposits received subject to check. Collections solicited and promptly cared for. au1 tf

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

No. 293 Main Street.

NATHAN CORONNA, : : : President.
MARTIN GRIFFIN, : : : : Cashier.
J. J. JENNY, : : : : : Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

W. CORONNA, JOHN DUTLINGER,
JOS. SPECHT, C. A. DAMMAN,
A. CORDES, JACOB WELLER,
N. HOFFHEIMER, NICH FRECH,
H. H. METTE, E. MEYER,
J. P. HOFFMAN, AND. RENKERT,
J. J. JENNY.

Collections made on all accessible points in the Southwest.

Exchange for sale on principal cities of United States and on all principal cities of Europe.

au21

ABSTRACT OFFICE.

ROOM NO. 1.

Corner Monroe and Second Sts.

WE have the Abstract Books and complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. ORNE; and, after more than a years' trial of their accuracy, and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time), we are enabled to furnish complete deraignments of titles to all

Fort Pickering, Memphis and Shelby County Lands,

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

G. J. CAMPBELL & CO.,
Successors to Bond & Campbell.
mh20 1f

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO,

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you wish to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter Trade with the very best descriptions and styles of ALL WOOL CASSIMERES, and with the most durable JEANS and KERSEY FABRICS,

All Free from Shoddy and other Impurities,

Order Samples from the sub-scriber, and they will be forwarded, without delay, during the months of July and August. From these samples you can make your selections and return your orders, and the Goods will be forwarded direct from the Manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG, Pres't,
Charlotte, N. C.

R. W. PRICE, A. B. TREADWELL,
Late of Eastport, Miss. Memphis, Tenn

PRICE & TREADWELL,

Wholesale Grocers,

NO. 15 UNION STREET,

Lee Block, Bet. Main and Front Streets,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

se22 1m

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

TIRED.

Yes, I am tired, dear. I will not try
To stem the ebbing current any more,
Nor vex with fruitless prayers the iron sky,
Nor dew with idle tears the barren shore.
The rippling waves that kissed my happy hand,
The waves with laughing tussle in their flow
Sadly I watch them o'er the broadening sand
But I am very tired—let them go.

Too long my chafing pride has stooped to strive
To fan the embers into life again;
No faith can keep the flickering flame alive,
The lingering vigil is but lingering pain.
Too late the votive assumes a tender tone,
Too late the lip in loving smiles is drest;
The tide is out; the last faint spark is gone,
And I am very tired—let me rest.

Just tired—neither angry nor ashamed;
Each wretched mood has fret its feverish hour;
Let the pale blood lie withered and uncaimed—
Dead, or to gracious sun or pitying flower.
Perchance some little lif may linger yet
In the crushed stem and withered leaves we see;
But what avails repentance or regret?
I am so tired—tired let it be.

I did so much; I am all worn and cold;
I strive no longer; let what must be, must;
I could not give your hand the strength to hold,
I could not give your heart the depth to trust.
How you will miss me! I could weep your
Of the close silent love that fenced you so:
The cup I filled was neither sour nor scant,
But I am very tired—let it go.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, October 18, 1867.

There is no change in local finances since our last to note. Our banks are not strong enough in currency to take all the exchange offered, and business is somewhat retarded by that fact but the tendency is toward ease. Coin on this is plentiful, and when taken must submit to a discount of ½c. The selling rates are from ½ to ¾c premium, but sooner than pay out currency, some of our banks much prefer to sell at par.

Gold opened in New York at 40½, and was steady during the early part of the day. Offerings were light here, and altogether it was a dull day with brokers. There is no disposition to keep close up to New York quotations. The buying rate was from 42¾ to 43c.

Silver nominal at 41 to 5c buying.

City scrip was very quiet and has a tendency down wards. Brokers are generally supplied, and they refuse to buy at 45c, which is the nominal buying rate. Selling at 47 to 48c.

County Warrants are not in demand. Brokers refuse to take more than they have on hand. We quote it nominally at 70 to 75c buying; selling at 80 to 85c.

Police scrip is unchanged with no demand

A very dangerous $100 counterfeit on several New York and Boston National Banks are being generally circulated. They are well executed and calculated to deceive any but experts. Merchants cannot be too careful how they handle notes of the denomination named.

As the counterfeit or forged seven-thirties continues to be a subject of discussion upon our streets and in money circles. We take the following directions for detecting them from a circular of Jay Cook & Co., just published, premising that no forgeries have as yet been put out except among the $1,000 notes of the June issue:

"First. The *red seal* in the counterfeit is larger than in the genuine, as will be seen by measurement, folding one of the notes through the seal. The projecting (star) points upon edge of seal are blurred and uneven in comparison, and the whole seal is coarser than in the genuine.

"Second. The *border* of the counterfeit note is blurred and indistinct, unless in the genuine the lathe-work is clear and regular.

"Third. The best test, and one that will enable any person familiar with bank notes to throw out the counterfeits at sight, is the *border of the coupons*. In the genuine the *star* comes out very clearly, but in the counterfeit it is dark and blur ed and indistinct. In the vignette the form of the female figure just touches the top of the "Pluribus," whilst in the counterfeit the sleeve covers all but the lower part or stem of the F.

A critical comparison of all the lathe-work of the counterfeit and genuine (face and back), under a magnifying glass, will detect numerous points of difference, as well as features in the vignettes, which without comparison would enable an expert to condemn it.

The Commissioner of the Internal Revenue has decided that ground rent deeds should be stamped the same as other conveyances of realty sold at the rate of fifty cents for each $500, or fractional part of $500 of the consideration or value.

It is a well known fact, says the Cairo *Democrat*, that the thirty million of people in the United States, who do not hold Government bonds, were required by law to receive legal tender greenback notes for all their debts and obligations, even if the payments were stipulated to be paid in gold. The three hundred thousand bondholders who loaned their greenbacks to the Government—greenbacks which cost them only forty cents on the dollar—have no just cause of complaint if they are paid off in the same currency they loaned to the government, and if their debts are liquidated in the same manner that other debts are. Is a bondholder's debt more sacred than a debt for flour, or other necessaries of life, which can be cancelled with greenbacks? If the bondholder is paid in greenbacks he will be better off than other people, for he will get the same currency he gave, while the man of the public obtained a paper liquidation for a gold debt. If a greenback can extinguish an obligation created in gold, shall it not be competent to discharge one that was created in greenbacks?

The import entries at New York for the past week, including the fifty per cent. reduced, amount to $4 19,500, against the total entries of $3,94,151 same week last year. The Export clearances of Specie amounts to $1,145,148, against $198 000 same week last year. The customs of the week are $2,187,000. The receipts of Cotton, coastwise and by railroad, are 8,243 bales. The number of Emigrant passengers arrived during the week, 3,892.

S. H. TOOFY, President. ED. C. KIRK, Cashier.

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Uncurrent Money, Stocks, Bonds, Land Warrants. Police, City and County Scrip, Etc., Etc.

No 16 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENN.

TENNESSEE.	Buying Rate
Bank of Tenn. old issue	28
" W. Tenn.	40
" Chattanooga	10
" Middle Tenn	30
City Bank	90
Mechanic's Bank	15
Northern Bank	10
Ocoee "	10
Planters' "	30
Union "	98
Shelbyville "	30
Southern "	20
Traders' "	90
ALABAMA.	
Bank of Mobile	85
" Montgomery	45
" Huntsville	20
Commercial Bank	10
Eastern "	62
Northern "	35
Central "	6
Southern "	50
NORTH CAROLINA.	
Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	2
" Commerce	12
" Fayetteville	7
" Lexington	10
" N. Carolina	40
" Wadesboro'	20
" Washington	10
" Wilmington	18
" Yanceyville	5
Commercial Bank	18
Farmers. B'k of N. C.	20
Merchants' Bank	40
Miners' & Plant'rs B'k	25
LAND WARRANTS.	
40 acres, war 1812	$ 38
80 " "	75
120 " "	100
160 " "	140
160 " not "	135
BONDS.	
M. & C. R. R. bonds	75
M. & C. R. R. coupons	80
M. & O. R. R. bonds	72
M. & O. R. R. coupons	72
Tenn. bonds, old	66
" new	64
Tenn. coupons	70
Miss. C. R. R. 1st m'g'e	65
" 2d "	45
Memp'his City b'nds	45
" " coupons	50

GEORGIA.	Buying Rate
Augusta L. & R. Co.	5
Bank of Augusta	50
" Athens	40
" Columbus	7
" Commerce	6
" Fulton	40
" Ep're State	30
" Middle Ga	80
" Savannah	90
" State of Ga	12
Cent'l R. R. & Bk'g Co.	95
City B'k of Augusta	25
F'rm'rs & Mech'cs	6
Ga. R. R. & B'k'g Co.	90
Marine Bank	60
Mech'ks & P'rs' B'k	6
Planters' Bank	6
Union Bank	5
Mechanic's Bank	2
Man fact'rs "	12
SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Bank of Camden	90
" Charleston	15
" Chester	7
" Georgetown	12
" Hamburg	13
" Newburry	6
" S. Carolina	7
" State, old iss'd	10
" State, new "	6
Commercial Bank	2
Exchange Bank	10
F'rm'rs & Exch'ge	1
Merchants' Bank	8
People's Bank	40
Planters' "	6
Plant'rs & Mech'cs B'k	18
South W. R. R.	50
State Bank	3
Union "	50

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, ¾ for 1 lb. sterling.
France, Switzerland & Belgium, 5 65 francs for 1 lb.
GERMANY.
Bremen $1.16 for 1 gold thaler.
Berlin, $1.07 for 1 Prussian thaler.
Frankfort, 69½c for 1 guilder.
Sweden, 41½c for one rixdollar.

The New York cotton market opened quiet, but steady, at the closing quotations of yesterday. The Liverpool opening dispatch quoted that market unchanged. Uplands 9½d, Orleans 9⅝d; and closed nearly at same figures, with sales of the day 18 000 bales; week's sales 93,000 still in port, 600,000 bales; afloat, 150,000, and 23,000 for export. Stock on hand 718 000 bales of which 180,000 are American. The closing New York dispatch announced a fair demand, but prices lower. Uplands 18½ to 19c., which is a decline of from ½ to 1c from Thursday's figures.

Our market opened with a fair demand for Middling at 16c, but factors were unwilling to submit, and demanded 16¾c, which they realized in some cases, though a few lots were let go at that. To-day there were but three or four buyers on the market and those were picking up outside bales at a good margin. The sales for the day were light, as they usually are at the tail end of the week. The market closed dull at our quotations, and we may add that our outside figure for the better grades could hardly be realized at the close.

Inferior	8 @11
Ordinary	12½ @13½
Good Ordinary	14 @14½
Low Middling	15½ @15¾
Middling	16 @16¾
Strict Middling	16½ @16¾
Good Middling	17¼ @17¾

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1	1,080
Received to-day	1,396
Received previously	11,119
	12,455
Exported to-day	701
Exported previously	8,866
	9,567
Stock on hand	2,988

As the coming hog crop will interest our readers to some extent—but much less than formerly—we make the following extract from a circular dated the 14th inst., containing valuable information regarding the hogs in the west, received by replies to inquiries from twenty-five of the principal points in Illinois, thirty-five in Indiana, eighteen in Iowa and four in Missouri. At a few of these places hogs are reported further advanced than last year, but at most of them not so far. With few exceptions it is intended to bring them to market early. Many of the places report a large increase in the number of hogs, and about as many less than last year, the average being, we should judge, a small decrease. Very few contracts have been made, and prices do not seem to have been settled upon anywhere. Most of the packers have no old stock on hand, a few of them have a very little. The circular says:

"We take pleasure in presenting you with our usual annual summary of replies received from our various correspondents in the several pork packing districts as to the prospects for the coming season. The general belief seems to be that the crops of hogs will be larger than last year's, but there seems to be some apprehension that the corn crop may not be sufficient to properly fatten the stock. The high prices which have been current for corn will, doubtless, prevent farmers from feeding it so lavishly as in former years, but as the crop has been secured in most admirable condition, it is probable they will find it to their interest to keep up their growing stock, and that we shall, therefore, have a liberal supply of hogs, not only during the next packing season, but also through the next spring and summer. The provision year, now about to close, has been in most respects unparalleled by any of its predecessors in point of general contentment.

The farmers were amply satisfied with the prices obtained for their live stock; the packers who held on to their produce were well compensated for carrying stock, and that we shall, therefore, have a liberal supply of hogs, not only during the next packing season, but also through the next spring and summer. The provision year, now about to close, has been in most respects unparalleled by any of its predecessors in point of general contentment.

The farmers were amply satisfied with the prices obtained for their live stock; the packers who held on to their produce were well compensated for carrying stock, and while the packing general dealers, though forced to content themselves with ordinary profits, have good cause for congratulation on the result. Packers and farmers have been alike contented; and we may express the hope that the same liberal feeling of reciprocity may characterize their mutual relations the coming season. So far as circumstances can at this time be taken as likely to rule, we feel our entire inability; but we feel sure that when the true state of affairs is made apparent to the packing trade, it will be found that the Western States are swarming with stock hogs, which can be made available at any moment; we may fairly call 50,000,000 of serious decline so soon as the general dealers supply their most pressing necessities. We therefore anticipate a season of moderate prices, and we trust that by another year we may again be able to congratulate the provision friends on the satisfactory, while legitimate, result of their operations.

There is very little change in the movements of general merchandise. Buyers from the country come to town occasionally to transact their business and depart, and so far as we can learn without danger. Meats are showing evident signs of weakness, and some kinds have declined since yesterday. Mess Pork is held at $26 75 on track; by the car load, and $27 25@28 from store. Prime Mess, $25. Rump, $23 50. Clear sides, 19@19½c. Shoulders, 15@16c; breakfast bacon, 20@20½c; plain canvassed hams, 21@22c; sugar cured, 24@26c. Lard is in fair demand at 15½@16c for keg; tierces 14@14½c; country, about 1c lower. Corn dull at $1 for choice white. Meal, $5 00@5 10. Oats, 70@72c. Hay dull, $25@25. Bran out of market. Apples scarce, and in demand at $4 50@5. Butter scarce, and firm at 38@40c for choice, and 35@36c for good. Bagging in demand at 28@30c for India, and 26@28c for Kentucky power; hand loom 24@ 26c. No beans in market. Eggs are firm and scarce at 22@23c. Flour quiet but firm; common $6 50@6 75; super $7@8, XX $8 50@10, XXX $10 50@11 00, XXX $12 00@13 00; fancy brands $14 00@ 16 00. Chickens scarce, selling at $5 50 for young and $6@6 50 for old. Potatoes are scarce and firm, good sell at $2 25@2 50 per bbl. Onions, $4@4 50. Sweet Potatoes, $3 per bbl., or $1 per bushel. Molasses firm at 70@80c for St. Louis rebotled; no New Orleans of consequence in market; syrups, $1@1 50. Sugars firm at 19@20c for white crushed and powdered and coffee sugars at 17½ @18½c; brown, 14@17c. Rio Coffee, fair to choice, 24@27c.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

Our days are warm, and nights are damp and heavy, with fogs which are more like mists in Scotland than anything else. The rivers are all declining. The swell we announced yesterday in the Ohio is subsiding. There is from four and a half to five feet in the channel to Cairo and St. Louis. White river has 3 feet at Little Island, and falling. The Arkansas is unchanged. There is 34 inches in St. Francis to Jeffersonville with a log or stump lying in the channel.

Arrivals.

Steamer D. G. Thompson, St. Louis.
" Natoma, St. Francis river.
" Rubicon, Vicksburg.
" Rowena, White River.
" Ned Tracey, St. Louis.
" Dan Able, Vicksburg.

Departures.

Steamer D. G. Thompson, New Orleans.
" Rubicon, Vicksburg.
" Ned Tracey, St. Louis.
" Natoma, St. Francis river.

Boats in Port.

Rowena, Dan Able, Guidon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was no stir upon the landing yesterday, except in front of the St. Louis wharfboat. At that point a large amount of freight was received from the Ned Tracey, and some 700 bales of cotton were shipped by her for St. Louis and New York, via the Diamond and Star Union Lines.

There is a way of going to New Orleans to-day, and that is by the Right Way, Capt. Kouns' which will leave the city wharfboat at 12 m.

The Ida Reese, Capt. Dickinson, will leave for Jacksonport and other points on White river to-day at 5 p.m.

The fine packet, Dan Able, Capt. Jim. Lee, will leave to-day at 5 p.m., for Vicksburg and the bends. She is swift, and has splendid passenger accommodations. Billy Fields and Stack Lee are clerks.

By reference to our local columns, it will be seen that the St. Louis Packet Company, through their efficient Secretary, Capt. Ad. Storm, has made a liberal donation to the Howard Association of this city.

By a dispatch to Capt. A. Q. Ross, we learn that the steamer Louisville run into the bank below Napoleon, sprung a leak and shipped sixteen inches of water. It is supposed that her freight is badly damaged.

The Dan Able brought in 56 bales new cotton and 35,000 feet of lumber for the pavement. She got the latter in Cypress bend.

The Virginia, on her up trip, brought nearly 1000 barrels of flour, saved from the barge sunk by the Shark, near Horn Lake. Yesterday the flour was replevined by the barge company, who thought the freight was exhorbitant.

The steamer Myrtle is lying at our wharf, looking elegant as Thompson in his new suit.

The Coosa is still at our landing, awaiting events. She is a good boat, and we think might be profitably employed during the present low water.

Butter and things are plentiful about Searcy.